AMSA REGULATORY CHANGE SUMMARY

Reissued Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency – national law) 2022 comes into effect on 1 January 2023

Who does this draft order for Australian domestic commercial vessel (DCV) certificates of competency apply to?

A person who has or is intending to obtain a certificate of competency; organisations with responsibility for crewing; people operating under an AMSA general exemption to perform duties or functions; industry groups or bodies that represent seafarers; and organisations conducting or seeking approval to conduct final assessments.

What are the key changes?

- 1. National Standards for Commercial Vessels (NSCV) Part D to be incorporated into Marine Order 505;
- 2. Creation of five new kinds of certificates of competency:
 - a. Coxswain Grade 3 NC
 - b. Sailing Master Coastal NC
 - c. Sailing Master Offshore NC
 - d. Master <45 m NC
 - e. Master <100m NC;
- 3. Phasing out three kinds of certificates of competency which will no longer be issued:
 - a. Master <35 m NC
 - b. Mate <80 m NC
 - c. Master <80 m NC;
- 4. Creation of a new standard for the assessment of medical fitness for masters and crew of domestic commercial vessels;
- 5. Requirement for a medical certificate for all new certificates;
- 6. Provisions for the approval of organisations to conduct final assessments to be incorporated into Marine Order 505; and
- 7. Incorporating many existing general exemptions into Marine Order 505.

More information

More information on this Marine Order can be found at:

https://www.amsa.gov.au

Commencement

The marine order is made in 2022 and will come into effect on 1 January 2023, providing the industry time to transition.

The table below provides a description of each section and any significant changes from *Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency – national law) 2013* and NSCV Part D (May 2017).

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Division 1 Preliminary			
Name of Marine Order This Marine Order is Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency — national law) 2022. 1A Commencement	Name of Order This Order is Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency — national law) 2013. Purpose	1.1 Scope This Part provides for the levels of competence required for a certificate of competency as General Purpose Hand, Marine Engine Driver, Engineer, Coxswain, Mate or Master on vessels to which the national law applies.	These sections have been streamlined.
This Marine Order commences on [1 Jan 2023]. 1B Repeal of Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency — national law) 2013 Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency — national law) 2013 is repealed. 2 Purpose The purpose of this Marine Order is to provide for certificates of competency and set out standards for the qualifications of the crew and masters on domestic commercial vessels. 3 Power (1) The following provisions of the national law provide for this Marine Order to be made: (a) Division 4 of Part 4 which provides for a number of matters to be prescribed for certificates of competency including who must have a certificate, how to apply, and the criteria for the issue, variation, suspension and revocation of certificates;	This Order: (a) provides for certificates of competency; and (b) prescribes a standard for qualifications of crew and masters of domestic commercial vessels. 4 Power (1) Division 4 of Part 4 of the national law provides for regulations dealing with certificates of competency. (2) Subsection 159(1) of the national law provides for regulations to prescribe matters required or permitted by the National Law to be prescribed, or that are necessary or convenient to be prescribed, for carrying out or giving effect to the National Law. (3) Subsection 163(1) of the national law provides for the making of Marine Orders about matters that can be made by the regulations. (4) Section 164 of the national law enables a Marine Order to provide for the application, adoption or incorporation of any matter in any written instrument in force or existing from time to time including the NSCV.	1.2 Objectives The objectives of this Part are to set out: (a) requirements for certificates of competency; and (b) the operations permitted by holders of certificates of competency.	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(b) Division 5 of Part 4 which provides for a number of matters to be prescribed for certificates issued under the national law;			
(c) paragraph 159(2)(g) which provides that the regulations may prescribe standards for the qualifications of crew and masters of domestic commercial vessels;			
(d) Section 162 which provides that the regulations may prescribe penalties for offences against the regulations and civil penalties for contraventions of the regulations.			
(2) Subsection 159(1) of the national law provides for regulations to be made prescribing matters required or permitted to be prescribed or that are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to the national law.			
(3) Subsection 163(1) provides that the National Regulator may make a Marine Order about matters that can be provided for by regulation.			
(4) Section 164 of the national law allows a Marine Order to provide for any matter by applying, adopting or incorporating any matter contained in any written instrument in force or existing from time to time.			
4 Definitions	5 Definitions	1.3 Definitions	Additional definitions have been
In this Marine Order:	(1) In this Order:	(1) In this Part:	included in the Order to provide clarity of meaning within
ACMA means the Australian Communications and Media Authority.	endorsement has the meaning given by NSCV Part D. existing certificate means a certificate of competency	aid to vision means glasses or contact lenses that have been prescribed by an optometrist or ophthalmologist to correct refractive error of a person's eye.	provisions and to reduce the requirement to find definitions in other documents. Some
AMPA means the latest version of the AMSA Mandated Practical Assessment developed by AMSA and conducted by registered training organisations for a final	(however described) issued by the marine safety agency of a State or the Northern Territory:(a) for a certificate in force on 30 June 2013 — before 1	approved means approved in writing by the National Regulator.	exceptions are made, for some definitions in the National Law, Marine Order 501 and NSCV
assessment for a certificate of competency. Note For information on the AMPA, see the AMSA	July 2013; or	auxiliary vessel means a vessel that:	Part B.
website: http://www.amsa.gov.au.	(b) for a certificate applied for before 1 July 2013, but for which the application was not finally determined by 1 July	(a) does not operate further from its parent vessel than:	
AMSA approved task book means a task book issued	2013 — before 1 January 2014.	(i) if it does not carry passengers — 5 nautical miles; or	
by AMSA for the specified certificate.	registered training organisation means a training	(ii) if it carries passengers — 2 nautical miles; or	
ASQA means the Australian Skills Quality Authority.	organisation registered by any of the following:	(iii) another distance determined by the National Regulator; and	
certificate of recognition means a certificate of recognition or a restricted certificate of recognition that is issued by AMSA to recognise:	(a) the Australian Skills Quality Authority;(b) the Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority;	(b) is less than 7.5 m long, or another length approved by	
(a) an overseas qualification in accordance with <i>Marine</i>	(c) the Training Accreditation Council Western Australia.	the National Regulator; and	
Order 70 (Seafarer certification) 2014; or	Note See the website at http://www.asqa.gov.au for information about the Australian Skills Quality Authority, the website at http://www.vrqa.vic.gov.au for information about the Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority	(c) carries up to 12 passengers, or another number approved by the National Regulator; and	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(b) a New Zealand qualification in accordance with the Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997.	and the website at http://www.tac.wa.gov.au for information about the Training Accreditation Council Western Australia.	(d) is not powered by a petrol inboard engine.	
chief engineer means the engineer in charge of:	Note 1 Some terms used in this Marine Order are defined in Marine Order 501 (Administration) 2013, including:	course, for a certificate of competency, means a course:	
(a) the vessel's propulsion machinery; and	AMSA	(a) conducted by a registered training organisation for the certificate; or	
(b) the safe operation and maintenance of the	approved form national law	(b) that the National Regulator considers to be at least	
mechanical and electrical installation of the vessel; and	National Law Act NSCV.	equivalent to the course mentioned in paragraph (a).	
(c) ensuring that watchkeeping arrangements are adequate to maintain a safe engineering watch.	Note 2 Other terms used in this Marine Order have the same meaning that they have in the national law, including:	certificate of competency — see national law, section 6.	
Note State and Territory laws may apply to a person carrying out electrical work on a vessel.	 certificate of competency domestic commercial vessel fit and proper person 	Chief Mate means the second in command of a commercial vessel.	
chief mate means the crew member next in rank to the master, who would be responsible for the command of the vessel if the master was unable to perform the task.	owner. (2) Qualifying sea service is to be calculated in accordance with NSCV Part D.	colour deficient , for an applicant for a certificate of competency, means that the applicant does not meet the criteria mentioned in Division 4.4 for the applicant.	
colour deficient vision means vision that does not meet the colour vision requirements of section 3 of Part B of the Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers.		command certificate , for a kind of vessel, means a certificate of competency that allows the holder to be the master of that kind of vessel.	
Note The Standard is available from the AMSA website		daylight hours are the hours between sunrise and sunset.	
at http://www.amsa.gov.au daylight hours means the hours between sunrise and		deck capacity, for duties performed by a seafarer, means duties performing tasks related to the navigation	
sunset.		of a vessel.	
deck capacity means performing tasks related to the navigation of a vessel.		deck certificate means any of the following certificates of competency:	
deck certificate means any of the following certificates		(a) Master <24 m NC;	
of competency:		(b) Master (Inland waters);	
(a) Master <24 m NC;		(c) Master <35 m NC;	
(b) Master (Inland waters) NC;		(d) Mate <80 m NC;	
(c) Master <45 m NC;		(e) Master <80 m NC.	
(d) Master <100 m NC.		declaration of medical fitness — see section 4.5.	
deck watchkeeper means a crew member in charge of a navigational or cargo watch.		dual certificate means any of the following certificates of competency:	
deck work means operation or lookout tasks for any of the following:		(a) General Purpose Hand NC;	
(a) navigation;		(b) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	
(b) mooring;		(c) Coxswain Grade 1 NC.	
(c) anchoring;		EEZ means the exclusive economic zone of Australia.	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(d) cargo.		Note The Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973 provides that:	
direct supervision means that the person being supervised is frequently within sight and hearing of the supervisor.		(a) the Governor-General may by proclamation declare the limits of the whole or parts of the exclusive economic zone of Australia; and	
dual certificate means any of the following certificates of competency:		(b) the Minister may prepare charts relating to the limits of the exclusive economic zone of Australia.	
(a) General Purpose Hand NC;		engineering capacity, for duties performed by a seafarer, means duties performing tasks related to the	
(b) Coxswain Grade 3 NC;		machinery of a vessel.	
(c) Sailing Master Coastal NC;		engineering certificate means any of the following certificates of competency:	
(d) Sailing Master Offshore NC;		(a) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;	
(e) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;		(b) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC;	
(f) Coxswain Grade 1 NC.		(c) Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC;	
endorsement, on a certificate of competency, means		(d) Engineer Class 3 NC.	
that the holder of the certificate is permitted to perform the additional duties or to have the additional functions mentioned in the endorsement.		final assessment , for the following matters about a certificate of competency, means an assessment by the	
engineering capacity means performing tasks related to the operation of propulsion and auxiliary machinery of a vessel.		National Regulator, or an organisation approved by the National Regulator, of whether the applicant has operational knowledge, and knowledge of Australian maritime legislation, appropriate for the kind of certificate:	
engineering certificate means any of the following certificates of competency:		(a) an application for the certificate;	
(a) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;		(b) an application for renewal of the certificate.	
(b) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC;		inland waters means non-tidal waters that are open for public navigation.	
(c) Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC;		'	
(d) Engineer Class 3 NC.		national law means the Marine Safety (Domestic Commercial Vessel) National Law set out in Schedule 1	
engine work means tasks relating to main or auxiliary machinery used for any of the following:		to the Marine Safety (Domestic Commercial Vessel) National Law Act 2012.	
(a) propulsion;		National Regulator has the same meaning as in the national law.	
(b) mooring;		NC means near coastal.	
(c) anchoring;		operate a vessel has the same meaning as in the	
(d) cargo.		national law.	
final assessment, for a certificate of competency, means		qualifying sea service — see section 3.1.	
an assessment by the National Regulator or an organisation approved by the National Regulator under Division 6, of whether the applicant has operational		recreational vessel means a vessel that is being used for recreational purposes.	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
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knowledge and knowledge of Australian maritime legislation that is appropriate to the kind of certificate.		registered training organisation has the same meaning as in Marine Order 505 (Certificates of competency — national law) 2013.	
final assessor means the person who conducts a final assessment.		STCW Code means the Seafarers' Training, Certification	
general supervision means that the person being supervised receives instruction and direction on tasks, and recurrent personal contact from the supervisor, but is not frequently attended by the supervisor.		and Watchkeeping (STCW) Code as adopted by resolution of the 2010 Conference of Parties to the STCW Convention, as amended and in force for Australia from time to time.	
GT has the same meaning as gross tonnage (or GT) in NSCV Part B.		Note The resolution mentioned in the definition of STCW Code forms part of a package of amendments (the Manila amendments) made by the 2010 Conference of the Parties to the STCW Convention (STCW/CONF.2/34).	
inland waters means non-tidal waters.		STCW Convention means the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping	
inshore operations has the meaning given by NSCV Part B.		for Seafarers, done at London on 7 July 1978, as in force for Australia from time to time.	
inshore waters means inland waters and waters landward of the outer limits for inshore operations.		tender means a vessel that:	
long, for a vessel, means the measured length of the vessel.		 (a) is used only to transport goods or people between the shore and its parent vessel or between its parent vessel and another vessel; and 	
Marine Order 501 means Marine Order 501 (Administration — national law) 2013.		(b) does not operate further from its parent vessel than 1 nautical mile, or another distance determined by the	
Marine Order 504 means Marine Order 504 (Certificates of operation and operation requirements — national law) 2018.		National Regulator; and (c) is less than 7.5 m long, or another length approved by the National Regulator.	
MAR Maritime Training Package means the latest version of the Maritime Training Package developed by Australian Industry Standards.		training package has the same meaning as in the Standards for VET Accredited Courses 2011.	
Note Details of the package are available at:		unit of competency has the same meaning as in the Standards for VET Accredited Courses 2011.	
training.gov.au Master <35 m NC means a Master <35 m NC certificate		Note Standards for VET Accredited Courses 2011 is a legislative instrument made under section 188 of the National Vocational Educational and Training Regulator Act 2011.	
of competency issued by the National Regulator before [1 January 2023].		workshop skill equivalent qualification means any of the following:	
Master <80 m NC means a Master <80 m NC certificate of competency issued by the National Regulator before [1]		(a) trade certificate as Diesel Fitter;	
January 2023].		(b) trade certificate as Electrical Fitter;	
Mate <80 m NC means a Mate <80 m NC certificate of competency issued by the National Regulator before /1		(c) trade certificate in Fitter and turner/machinist;	
July 2022].		(d) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — diesel fitter;	
measured length has the meaning given by NSCV Part B.		(e) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — heavy vehicle Road Transport;	
mooring area means an area that is:			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(a) near a marina that controls it; and		(f) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — engine	
(b) determined under State or Territory waterways		reconditioning;	
management legislation to be an area for the mooring of vessels.		(g) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — heavy vehicle mobile equipment, plant/earthmoving/agriculture;	
Navigation Act means the Navigation Act 2012.		(h) Certificate III in Boilermaking;	
NC means near coastal and applies to waters including		(i) Certificate III in Engineering/mechanical trade;	
inland waters and waters to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone of Australia.		(j) Certificate III in ESI generation electrical/electronic;	
NSCV Part B means Part B — General requirements of		(k) Certificate III in ESI generation mechanical;	
the National Standard for Commercial Vessels, as existing from time to time.		(I) Certificate III in Marine mechanics;	
Note The National Standard for Commercial Vessels, as existing from time to time, is available on AMSA's website		(m) any other approved qualification that includes workshop skills.	
at http://www.amsa.gov.au.		(2) In this Part:	
partially smooth waters means waters that are designated as partially smooth waters under a law in force in a State or Territory.		(a) commercial vessel, inshore, inshore operations and sheltered waters have the meanings given by NSCV Part B — General Requirements; and	
passenger has the meaning given by NSCV Part B.		(b) an endorsement , for a certificate of competency,	
recreational vessel means a vessel that is being used for recreational purposes.		permits the holder of the certificate to perform the additional duties or to have the additional functions mentioned in the endorsement.	
registered training organisation means an organisation for the provision of training that has been registered by one or more of the following:			
(a) ASQA ;			
(b) <i>VRQA</i> ;			
(c) <i>TAC</i> .			
RYA means the Royal Yachting Association.			
sailing vessel has the same meaning given by NSCV Part B.			
seafarer certificate means a seafarer certificate issued under section 31 of the Navigation Act.			
second engineer means the engineer next in rank to the chief engineer and upon whom the responsibilities of the chief engineer will fall in the event of the chief engineer's incapacity.			
sheltered waters means waters that are either smooth waters or partially smooth waters.			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
smooth waters means waters that are designated as smooth waters under a law in force in a State or Territory.			
Standards for RTOs means the Standards for Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) 2015 made under subsections 185(1) and 186(1) of the National Vocational Education and Training Regulator Act 2011.			
TAC means the Training Accreditation Council, Western Australia.			
tender has the meaning given by NSCV Part B.			
VRQA means the Victorian Registration and Qualifications Authority.			
workshop skills equivalent qualification means any of the following:			
(a) Certificate III in Engineering/mechanical trade;			
(b) Certificate III in Electrical fitting;			
(c) Certificate III in Automotive diesel engine technology;			
(d) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — diesel fitter;			
(e) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — heavy vehicle road transport;			
(f) Certificate III in Automotive/mechanical — heavy vehicle mobile equipment, plant/earthmoving/agriculture;			
(g) Certificate III in Automotive engine reconditioning;			
(h) Certificate IV in ESI generation maintenance — electrical electronics;			
(i) Certificate IV in ESI generation maintenance — mechanical;			
(j) an Australian trade certificate in fitter and turner/machinist;			
(k) an Australian trade certificate in diesel fitter;			
(I) an Australian trade certificate in electrical fitter;			
(m) an Australian Recognised Trade Certificate in the same classification as an Australian trade certificate mentioned in this definition;			
(n) any other qualification that includes workshop skills and is approved in writing by the National Regulator.			

	Marine Order 50	05 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)		NSCV Part I	D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Certifica	Note for paragraph (m) Australian Recognised Trade Certificates are issued in recognition of trade certificates or other qualifications of a country other than Australia.						
	Some terms used in this Note that the Note of the Note	Marine Order are defined					
• AMSA							
• approv	ved form						
nation	al law						
• NSCV							
	Other terms used in this Neaning that they have in g:						
• certific	ate of competency						
• domes	stic commercial vessel						
• fit and	proper person						
maste	r						
Nation	al Regulator						
operat	e						
• owner							
under th	For delegation of the Natinis Marine Order — see thww.amsa.gov.au.						
5 Interp	oretation			1.3 Def	initions		This section is substantially the
	opulsion power of a vessing to the following table.	sel is determined		(3) The accorda	propulsion power of ance with the following	a vessel is determined in g table.	same as NSCV Part D. The word "screw" has been changed to "propeller shaft".
Item	Characteristics of vessel	Propulsion power		Item 1	Characteristics of vessel All of the following:	Propulsion power The largest value of maximum continuous rated	The area of operation has been further clarified.
1	All of the following: (a) multi propeller shaft or multi propulsion; (b) <35 m long; (c) operating in inland waters or waters to	The largest value of maximum continuous rated power of the vessel's main propulsion machinery, for the propulsion of the vessel by 1 propeller shaft as indicated by the vessel's		2	(a) multi screw or multi propulsion; (b) <35 m long; (c) operating in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ Any other vessel	power of the vessel's main propulsion machinery, for the propulsion of the vessel by 1 screw, on the vessel's certificate of survey or certificate of operation The total maximum continuous rated output	

Marine Order 505 (2022)		Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone. 2 Any other vessel The total macontinuous repower of all main propuls machinery a by the vesse certificate of certificate	eximum exited output the vessel's ion s indicated l's survey or		power of all the vessel's main propulsion machinery on the vessel's certificate of survey or certificate of operation	
6 Applications (1) For subsection 59(2) of the national law, an application for a certificate of competency mus in accordance with section 9 of Marine Order 5 (2) Division 3 (other than section 13) of Marine applies to an application for a certificate of com (3) Division 3 of Marine Order 501 applies to a application mentioned in: (a) section 14; and (b) Division 6. (4) In accordance with subsection 8(2) of Marine 501, section 12 of Marine Order 501 is varied by the period for consideration of: (a) an application mentioned in section 14 — findays to 30 days; and (b) an application mentioned in Division 6 — findays to 60 days. Note 1 There is an approved form for applying issue and reissue, endorsement, variation, sus and revocation of a certificate of competency—AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au. Note 2 There is an approved form for applying approval for an organisation to conduct final assessments — see the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au.	An a accoonation ment days net for the pension see the for the	applications under this Order application under this Order must be made in ordance with Marine Order 501 (Administration — onal law) 2013, subject to modification of the period nationed in section 12 of that Order from 90 days to 30 s. A decision is reviewable in accordance with the review process indeed in Marine Order 501 (Administration — national law) 2013. Application (endorsements) An application for an endorsement must, in addition to applying with section 9 of Marine Order 501 ministration — national law) 2013: describe the certificate to be endorsed; and describe the endorsement sought; and if the certificate has been issued — include the inal certificate or a copy of the certificate to be orsed, certified by a person authorised to witness a utory declaration. The National Regulator may endorse a certificate if sfied that: the certificate is, or will be, in force at the time of lorsement; and the applicant has completed any course of study or ning, or sea service, that is required for the lorsement; and the form of endorsement has been approved by the ional Regulator.		This section has been simplified and consolidated. It refers to National Law and Marine Order 501 provisions for applications. This section reduces the period of time for consideration of an application from that prescribed by Marine Order 501. Notes 1 and 2 refer to the approved forms available on the AMSA website.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
	Note Forms of endorsement that have been approved by the National Regulator are in the document Marine Order 505		
	16 Application for variation, suspension or revocation		
	An application for variation, suspension or revocation of a certificate of competency must be made by the holder of the certificate in the approved form.		
	20 Application process (renewals)		
	(1) A person may apply to the National Regulator for renewal of a certificate.		
	(2) The application must, in addition to complying with section 9 of Marine Order 501 (Administration — national law) 2013:		
	(a) mention the certificate to be renewed; and		
	(b) include details of how the applicant meets:		
	(i) the requirements for renewal mentioned in this Subdivision; and		
	(ii) the requirements for the certificate mentioned in NSCV Part D.		
	(3) An application may be made at any time before or after expiry of the certificate.		
	(4) However, if the application is made after expiry of the certificate, the certificate is not valid until it is renewed.		
Division 2 Certificate of competency			
7 Certificates of competency requirements	8 Certificates that may be issued	2.2 What a certificate of competency permits	Sub section 7(1) rows 1, 2 & 3
(1) If a person holds a certificate mentioned in an item in column 2 of the following table, the person may undertake a duty or perform a function mentioned in	(2) For paragraphs 65(1)(b), 66(1)(b) and 67(1)(b) of the national law, a person must hold a certificate of competency mentioned in subsection (1) to perform the	(1) A person who holds a certificate of competency may perform the duties mentioned for the certificate in Schedule 2, subject to the following restrictions:	provides for a Mate<80m, Master<35m & Master<80m certificate holders to carry out the duties and functions of a
Schedule 1 for the certificate mentioned for that item in column 3 of the table.	duties or functions for a domestic commercial vessel for which the certificate is required.	(a) any restrictions mentioned in Schedule 2 for the certificate;	Master<24m, Master <45m & Master <100m respectively, when this order is implemented.
		(b) if the person is colour deficient — he or she may perform duties for the following kinds of certificate during daylight hours only:	Sub section 7(2) and Schedule 2 incorporates existing AMSA Exemption 30 which allows the
		(i) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	holder of a seafarer certificate
		(ii) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;	issued under the Navigation Act (STCW / Marine Orders 70-74)
		(iii) Master <24 m NC;	,

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Item	Certificate person	Corresponding		(iv) Master (Inland waters);	to undertake the corresponding duties.
	holds	certificate		(v) Master <35 m NC;	Sub section 7(3) provides for a
1	Mate <80 m NC	Master <24 m NC		(vi) Mate <80 m NC;	person who applies for renewal
2	Master <35 m NC	Master <45 m NC		(vii) Master <80 m NC. Note 1 It is an offence to perform duties or functions for a domestic commercial vessel in breach of a condition of a certificate of competency —	prior to expiry to continue working for 90 days after the certificate has expired until the renewal is processed.
3	Master <80 m NC	Master <100 m NC		see section 69 of the national law. Note 2 A restriction may limit the holder to daylight hours, sheltered waters	Sub section 7(4) incorporates
 (2) If a person holds a seafarer certificate mentioned in Schedule 2, or an equivalent certificate of recognition, the person may undertake a duty or perform a function mentioned in Schedule 1 for the certificate of competency that corresponds to the seafarer certificate in Schedule 2. (3) If a person applies to the National Regulator for the reissue of a certificate of competency before it expires, the person may undertake a duty or perform a function mentioned in Schedule 1 for the certificate of competency, for 90 days after the expiry of the certificate was not revoked or suspended; and (b) the person continues to comply with the conditions of the expired certificate. (4) If a person is crewing in accordance with the requirements and conditions of a temporary crewing 		or <100 kW inboard propulsion power. (2) The person may also perform any duties mentioned in an endorsement on the certificate in accordance with the conditions for the endorsement.	part of EX08 and provides for a person to operate without holding the appropriate certificate, if a temporary crewing permit has been issued under Marine Order 504. Sub section 7(5) provides for a person to operate as a Coxswain Grade 3 without the certificate of competency if the person meets the eligibility criteria required for Cox 3. A person may also apply to AMSA to obtain a Coxswain Grade 3 NC certificate of competency. Sub section 7(7) clarifies that if a person is carrying out any of		
Sc un Sc ho (5) A ful	chedule 1 for a certificate olding the certificate. person may undertake a notion mentioned in Scherade 3 NC certificate of calcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalcalc	ar 504, the person may in a function mentioned in of competency without duty or perform a sedule 1 for a Coxswain competency if the person: ars old; and he with the English e person can fully stions and documents artformance of the duties sentioned; and rtificate of Medical c Seafarers that shows is the Standards for the			the duties or functions listed in Schedule 1 and if the above does not apply, the person must hold a certificate of competency.

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first aid certificate equivalent to at least HLTAID011 Provide first aid; and (e) meets any one of the eligibility requirements for the certificate mentioned in Schedule 3; (f) keeps evidence of meeting the eligibility requirement on board any vessel on which the person is undertaking the duty or performing the function; and (g) undertakes the duty or performs the function only in daylight hours in the case of a person with colour deficient vision. Note 1 A person may undertake the duties or perform the functions of a Cox 3 in accordance with this provision or, if the person satisfies the criteria in section 9 for the issue of a Cox 3 certificate, apply for the issue of that certificate. Note 2 For paragraph (c), the form Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic Seafarers is available from the AMSA website at: http://www.amsa.gov.au. The Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers are also available from the AMSA website. To obtain a Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic Seafarers, the Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers must be met. Note 3 For paragraph (d), details of this course are available at myskills.gov.au. (6) A person may undertake a duty or perform a function in accordance with section 23. (7) In any other circumstance, a person must hold a certificate of competency of a kind mentioned in section 8 to undertake a duty or perform a function on a domestic commercial vessel, if the duty or function is mentioned in Schedule 1 for the kind of certificate.			
8 Kinds of certificates of competency	8 Certificates that may be issued	2.3 Equivalent certificates	Five additional certificates of
The kinds of certificates of competency are:	(1) The following certificates mentioned in NSCV Part D may be issued under this Order:	(1) A person who holds a certificate mentioned in column 2 of Schedule 3 is taken to meet the requirements	competency is made available: Coxswain Grade 3 NC:
(a) General Purpose Hand NC;	(a) General Purpose Hand;	mentioned in section 2.1 for the certificate of competency	Sailing Master Coastal NC;
(b) Coxswain Grade 3 NC;	(b) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	mentioned in column 3 of Schedule 3 for the certificate.	Sailing Master Offshore NC;
(c) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	(c) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;	(2) A person who holds a certificate that the National Regulator considers is equivalent to a certificate of	Master <45 m NC;
(d) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;	(d) Master <24 m NC;	competency is taken to meet the sea service requirements mentioned in Schedule 1 for the certificate	Master <100 m NC
(e) Sailing Master Coastal NC;	(e) Master (Inland waters);	of competency.	
(f) Sailing Master Offshore NC;	(-) (-)		

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(a) Magtar (Inland waters) NO	(f) Master <35 m NC;	(2) If the contificate held by the person is subject to a	Three certificates of
(g) Master (Inland waters) NC;		(3) If the certificate held by the person is subject to a restriction, the equivalent certificate of competency is	competency will no longer be
(h) Master <24 m NC;	(g) Mate <80 m NC;	also subject to a restriction of the same kind.	available:
(i) Master <45 m NC;	(h) Master <80 m NC;	(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to a restriction:	Master <35 m NC;
(j) Master <100 m NC;	(i) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;	(a) to duties within a State or the Northern Territory or an	Mate <80 m NC;
(k) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;	(j) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC;	area of a State or the Northern Territory; or	Master <80 m NC.
(I) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC;	(k) Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC;	(b) to fishing.	
(m) Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC;	(I) Engineer Class 3 NC.		
(n) Engineer Class 3 NC.			
9 Issue of certificate	9 Form of application	2.1 Eligibility criteria for certificates of competency	This section sets out the
First Issue	An application for a certificate of competency must, in	(1) An applicant for a certificate of competency	common criteria for issue of a certificate of competency. The
(1) For paragraph 60(1)(b) of the national law, the criteria	addition to complying with section 9 of Marine Order 501 (Administration — national law) 2013, include:	mentioned in Schedule 1 must:	requirements for issue or
are that the person must:	(a) in accordance with the eligibility requirements for the	(a) be at least 16 years when the certificate is issued; and	renewal (re-issue) of certificate of competency are consolidated
(a) be at least 16 years old; and	certificate:	(b) meet the requirements mentioned in Chapter 4 (Medical and eyesight requirements) and Schedule 1	to remove repetition of common
(b) be familiar enough with the English language that the	(i) a declaration of medical fitness; or	(which includes course and qualifying sea service) for the	elements.
person can fully understand directions and documents relating to the performance of the duties and functions	(ii) a certificate of medical fitness; and	certificate; and	
permitted under the certificate; and	(b) details of how the applicant satisfies the eligibility	(c) for each certificate other than Coxswain Grade 2 — hold a certificate that meets the requirements of the	A Standard of medical fitness for near coastal seafarers is
(c) meet the eligibility requirements mentioned in Schedule 3 for the kind of certificate sought; and	requirements for the certificate under the NSCV and	HLTFA unit of competency Apply first aid or another	referred to. This will allow the
	(c) details of the grade of certificate applied for.	certificate that the National Regulator considers to be equivalent.	specifics of the medical and eyesight requirements to be
(d) meet the requirements, if any, for qualifying sea service mentioned in Schedule 3 for the kind of certificate	Note A fee may be charged — see section 9 of the National Law Act.	(2) The requirements for a Certificate 1, Certificate 2,	removed from the Order.
sought; and	10 Criteria for issue of certificate	Certificate 3, Certificate 4 or Diploma level mentioned in	
(e) have a current Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic	(1) For paragraph 60(1)(b) of the national law, the	Schedule 1 for a certificate of competency are those mentioned for the certificate of competency in Skills and	The term of certificate is no
Seafarers that shows the person meets the Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers; and	criterion to be met for the issue of a certificate of competency is that the applicant meets the eligibility	knowledge required for NSCV certificates of competency,	longer specified in the Marine Order. Certificates will normally
(f) have a current first aid certificate equivalent to at least	criteria:	published by the Australian Maritime Safety Authority.	be issued for a period of 5
HLTAID011 Provide first aid.	(a) mentioned in NSCV Part D for the certificate; or	Note This document is available from the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au .	years.
Note 1 For paragraph (e), the form Certificate of Medical	(b) mentioned in NSCV Part D for another certificate of		The skills and knowledge documents referenced in part D
Fitness Domestic Seafarers is available from the AMSA website at: http://www.amsa.gov.au. The Standards for	competency subject to any conditions that the National Regulator imposes on the certificate; or	4.2 Eyesight requirements	is referenced as a note in
the medical examination of domestic seafarers are also	(c) for an existing certificate — the eligibility criteria that	An applicant for a certificate of competency must meet	schedule 3.
available from the AMSA website. To obtain a Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic Seafarers, the Standards for	applied to it on 30 June 2013.	the eyesight standards mentioned in Division 4.3.	
the medical examination of domestic seafarers must be	(2) The National Regulator, or a person approved by the	4.3 Equivalence of Certificate of Medical Fitness	Subsection (2) allows for the issue of a certificate of
met.	National Regulator, may conduct a final assessment that is a criterion for the issue of a certificate of competency.	under Marine Order 9	competency for a person who
Note 2 For paragraph (f), details of this course are available at myskills.gov.au.	to a statement for the issue of a certificate of competency.	An applicant for a certificate of competency for whom a Certificate of Medical Fitness under Marine Order 9	has a certificate that is still in force or a certificate that has

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Second or subsequent issue (reissue/renewal)	(3) For paragraph (1)(b), if the applicant agrees to accept	(Health — medical fitness) 2010 is current is taken to	expired in the last 5 years.
(2) However, the criteria set out in subsection (3) apply for a kind of certificate if:	the other certificate of competency instead of the certificate for which the applicant applied, the application for the certificate of competency is taken to be an	meet the medical and eyesight requirements of this Part. Division 4.2 Medical requirements	Certificates of competency that have expired are no longer valid and therefore cannot be
(a) a person holds a certificate of competency of that kind that is in force; or	application for the other certificate of competency.	4.4 Certificate of medical fitness	renewed under the National Law. This subsection makes
(b) a person held a certificate of competency of that kind that ceased to be in force in the 5 years before the person's application to the National Regulator; or	21 First aid (renewals) The applicant, other than an applicant for a Coxswain Grade 2 certificate, must have a current first aid certificate of at least HLTFA311A Apply first aid.	(1) An applicant for a certificate of competency must hold a certificate of medical fitness signed by a medical practitioner in a form approved by the National Regulator.(2) However, this section does not apply if:	allowances for someone whose certificate has recently expired to be issued with a new certificate by meeting the same
(c) the kind of certificate is a Master <24 m NC and the person holds, or held in the 5 years before the person's application to the National Regulator, a Mate <80 m NC; or	Note An applicant who holds a First Aid, Medical First Aid or Medical Care certificate issued under STCW must comply with this provision — the HLTFA Apply first aid is valid for 3 years while a STCW certificate may be valid for 3 to 5 years.	(a) the applicant can demonstrate that he or she meets the medical fitness requirements mentioned in Division 4.5; or	criteria as would be required for the renewal of a certificate that is still in force. The sea service requirements
(d) the kind of certificate is a Master <45 m NC and the	22 Replacement by another certificate	(b) for certificate of competency mentioned in section 4.5	for issuing a certificate and for re-issue/renewal for higher
person holds, or held in the 5 years before the person's application to the National Regulator, a Master <35 m NC; or	(1) If the applicant does not meet the eligibility criteria mentioned in this Order or NSCV Part D for the certificate, the National Regulator may offer the applicant	— the applicant makes a declaration of medical fitness. (3) A certificate of medical fitness must address the medical fitness requirements mentioned in Division 4.5.	certificates are consolidated into this section.
(e) the kind of certificate is a Master <100 m NC and the person holds, or held in the 5 years before the person's	another certificate of competency for which the applicant does meet the eligibility criteria mentioned in this Order and NSCV Part D subject to any conditions that the	4.5 Declaration of medical fitness	
application to the National Regulator, a Master <80 m NC.	National Regulator imposes on the certificate.	(1) This section applies to an application for any of the following certificates of competency:	
(3) The person must:	(2) If the applicant agrees to accept the other certificate of competency instead of the certificate for which the	(a) General Purpose Hand NC;	
(a) have a current first aid certificate equivalent to at least HLTAID011 <i>Provide first aid</i> : and	applicant applied for renewal, the application for renewal of the certificate of competency is taken to be an	(b) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	
(b) for a Master <45 m NC, a Master <100 m NC, a	application for renewal of the other certificate of competency.	(c) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;	
Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC and an Engineer Class 3 NC:	23 Period for renewal	(d) Master <24 m NC; (e) Master (Inland waters);	
(i) have a current Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic	A renewed certificate has effect for the lesser of:	(f) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;	
Seafarers that shows the person meets the Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers; and	(a) 5 years from the date of renewal; or	(g) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC.	
(ii) have accrued, in the 5 years before the application, qualifying sea service of at least 120 days in duties to	(b) a lesser period determined by the National Regulator. Subdivision 5.2 Standard renewals	(2) The applicant must make a declaration, in a form approved by the National Regulator, that the applicant	
which the certificate applies, as navigational watch or in an engineering capacity; and	24 Certificates to which Subdivision 5.2 applies	has a satisfactory level of medical fitness.	
(c) for a certificate of competency not mentioned in paragraph (b) — make a declaration of medical fitness in	This Subdivision applies to an application for renewal of any of the following certificates of competency:	(3) If the declaration shows that the applicant suffers from a medical condition mentioned in Division 4.6, the National Regulator must require a medical examination.	
the approved form.	(a) General Purpose Hand;	Division 4.3 Eyesight (vision)	In section 10 the "complete an
Note 1 For paragraph (c), the approved form is available from the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au.	(b) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	4.6 Vision tests	approved renewal course" option has been removed, for
Note 2 In accordance with subsection 60(6) of the national law, a certificate comes into force on the day specified in the certificate (or, if no day is specified, the	(c) Coxswain Grade 1 NC; (d) Master <24 m NC;	A vision test must be conducted by an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner.	applicants who do not meet the required sea service for revalidation of their certificate.

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day on which the certificate is issued) and remains in force until the day specified in the certificate.	(e) Master (Inland waters);	4.7 Use of aid to vision	The other alternate options are available.
10 Qualifying sea service	(f) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;	(1) An aid to vision is the only kind of optical aid that may be used in a vision test.	The medical certificate
(1) Qualifying sea service for the issue or reissue of a	(g) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC.	(2) A person whose certificate of medical fitness,	requirements are specified in a
certificate of competency is calculated according to the	25 Renewal requirements	including a Certificate of Medical Fitness under Marine	separate standard.
rules set out in Schedule 4.	The applicant must:	Order 9 (Health — medical fitness) 2010, indicates that an aid to vision was used for the purpose of being found	
(2) For the reissue of a certificate, a person who is not able to meet the sea service requirement mentioned in subparagraph 9(3)(b)(ii) may instead have:	(b) for a certificate other than a Coxswain grade 2 certificate — have a current first aid certificate of at least HLTFA311A Apply first aid; and	medically fit must, at all times when on duty on a vessel, use the aid when appropriate and keep a spare aid to vision available.	
(a) completed a final assessment approved in writing by the National Regulator; or	(b) make a declaration of medical fitness in accordance with NSCV Part D.	4.8 Deck certificates or dual certificates	
(b) accrued 60 days qualifying sea service in the 6 months before the application; or	26 Failing to meet medical requirements	(1) An application for a deck certificate or a dual certificate must include a statement by an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that the	
(c) for a seasonal fisher (eg an abalone fisher) — worked in a seasonal fishery for at least 120 days in the 5 years	(1) The National Regulator must not renew the certificate if the applicant does not meet the medical requirements of the NSCV Part D.	applicant's vision meets the standards mentioned in Table C1.	
before the application; or	(2) However, the National Regulator may renew the	(2) For an applicant who has vision in only 1 eye:	
(d) other industry experience approved in writing by the National Regulator; or	certificate if the applicant meets the medical requirements later because of eye acuity surgery or other ailment that	(a) the applicant does not have to meet the standard that applies to the other eye; and	
(e) completed an AMSA approved task book for the certificate.	could be treated successfully over time.	(b) the certificate must include a statement that the	
Note For paragraph (d), examples include operational	Subdivision 5.3 Other renewals (revalidation)	applicant meets the standard with monocular vision only.	
employee, fleet manager, shore-side servicing, teacher at	27 Certificates to which Subdivision 5.3 applies	Note A person with monocular vision and anyone employing or supervising the person should be aware of the dangers of operating a crane or other	
a registered training organisation for maritime studies, marine surveyor.	This Subdivision applies to an application for renewal of any of the following certificates of competency:	lifting appliance where monocular vision may limit depth perception and affect safety.	
11 National Regulator may offer alternative certificate	(a) Master <35m NC;		
(1) If a person does not meet the eligibility criteria for the	(b) Master <80m NC;	Table C1 Eyesight (vision) tests — deck certificates or dual certificates	
certificate mentioned in an application, the National Regulator may offer the applicant another certificate of	(c) Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC;		
competency for which the applicant does meet the eligibility criteria.	(d) Engineer Class 3 NC;	With or without aid to vision	
(2) If the person agrees to accept the other certificate of	(e) Mate <80 m NC.	Snellen Principle 6/6 (0.0 LogMar) in the better eye	
competency instead of the certificate for which the	28 Renewal requirements	Snellen Principle 6/9 (0.2 LogMar) in the other eye	
person applied, the application for the certificate of competency is taken to be an application for the other	The applicant must:	Read N8 chart at 300 –500 mm	
certificate of competency.	(a) have a current first aid certificate of at least HLTFA311A Apply first aid; and	4.9 Engineering certificates	
	(b) have a medical certificate of fitness in accordance with NSCV Part D; and	(1) An application for an engineering certificate must include a statement by an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that the applicant's vision meets the	
	(c) comply with section 30.	standards mentioned in Table C2.	

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	29 Sea service requirement	(2) For an applicant who has vision in only 1 eye:	
	The applicant must have qualifying sea service as officer of the watch, or undertaking engineering tasks, for duties	(a) the applicant does not have to meet the standard that applies to the other eye; and	
	of the kind to which the certificate applies, accrued in the 5 years before the application, of at least:	(b) the certificate must include a statement that the applicant meets the standard with monocular vision only.	
	(a) for a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC certificate — 120 days; or	applicant meets the standard with monocular vision only.	
	(b) for a Class 3 Engineer NC certificate — 120 days; or	Table C2 Eyesight (vision) tests — engineering certificates	
	(c) for a Master <35 m NC certificate — 120 days; or	With or without aids to vision	
	(d) for a Master <80 m NC certificate — 120 days; or	Snellen Principle 6/12 (0.2 LogMar) in 1 eye	
	(e) for a Mate <80 m NC certificate — 120 days.	With or without aids to vision	
	30 Other requirements	Snellen Principle 6/12 (0.2 LogMar) in the other eye	
	An applicant who does not meet the sea service requirement may instead:	Read N8 chart at 300–500 mm	
	(a) complete an approved renewal course; or		
	(b) complete an approved final assessment; or	Division 4.4 Eyesight (colour-vision)	
	(c) accrue 60 days qualifying sea service in the 6 months before the application; or	4.10 Colour-vision tests (1) A colour-vision test must be conducted by an	
	(d) for a seasonal fisher (eg an abalone fisher) — have worked in a seasonal fishery for at least 120 days in the 5 years before the application; or	optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner. (2) A colour-corrective lens cannot be used in a colour-vision test.	
	(e) have other approved industry experience (eg State or	4.11 Deck certificates or dual certificates	
	Territory marine safety agency assessor or operational employee, fleet manager, shore-side servicing, teaching at a registered training organisation for maritime studies, marine surveyor); or	(1) An application for a deck certificate or a dual certificate must include a statement by an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that the applicant has passed:	
	(f) complete a task book approved by the National Regulator for the certificate.	(a) the Ishihara Test; or	
		(b) Holmes-Wright Lantern Test type B.	
		(2) However, the National Regulator may instead accept a statement from an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that, after having examined the applicant, the applicant suffers no greater abnormality in colour-vision than could be tested by the Ishihara Test, if the application is for any of the following certificates:	
		(a) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	
		(b) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;	

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		(c) Master <24 m NC;	
		(d) Master (Inland waters);	
		(e) Master <35 m NC;	
		(f) Mate <80 m NC;	
		(g) Master <80 m NC.	
		4.12 Engineering certificates	
		(1) An application for a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC or Engineer Class 3 NC certificate must include a statement by an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that the applicant has passed:	
		(a) the Ishihara Test; or	
		(b) Holmes-Wright Lantern Test type B; or	
		(c) a colour-matching test in accordance with Marine Order 9 (Health — medical fitness) 2010.	
		(2) However, the National Regulator may instead accept a statement from an optometrist, ophthalmologist or medical practitioner that, after having examined	
		Division 4.5 Medical fitness requirements	
		4.14 Certification for particular medical conditions	
		(1) An application for a certificate of competency must include a certificate of medical fitness if:	
		(a) the applicant is aware that he or she has a medical condition mentioned in Division 4.6; or	
		(b) the National Regulator thinks, on reasonable grounds, that the applicant has a medical condition mentioned in Division 4.6.	
		(2) However, for an applicant for whom a Certificate of Medical Fitness under Marine Order 9 (Health — medical fitness) 2010 is current, the following provisions do not apply:	
		(a) subsection (1);	
		(b) a requirement to make a declaration of medical fitness.	
		Note For review of a decision about a certificate, including a decision about whether an applicant satisfies criteria of medical fitness or conditions relating to medical fitness to which a certificate is subject — see Part 8 of the national law.	

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		4.15 Loss of medical fitness	
		The holder of a certificate of competency whose level of medical fitness changes so that the holder no longer has a satisfactory level of medical fitness in accordance with section 4.6:	
		(a) must not, after becoming aware of the change in his or her level of medical fitness, perform duties or functions authorised by the certificate of competency without a medical certificate mentioned in paragraph (b); and	
		(b) may resume performing duties or functions authorised by the certificate of competency if a medical practitioner certifies that the holder's level of medical fitness is restored so that the holder has a satisfactory level of medical fitness.	
		4.16 Examinations	
		A certificate of medical fitness may be given only by the medical practitioner who conducts a medical examination of the applicant.	
		4.17 Matters relevant to medical fitness	
		For a certificate of medical fitness or a declaration of medical fitness, the following must be taken into account:	
		(a) the nature of employment for which certificate or declaration is to be made;	
		(b) the medical and employment history of the applicant;	
		(c) the requirements mentioned in Division 4.6.	
		Division 4.6 Particular medical conditions	
		4.18 Purpose of Division 4.6	
		This Division sets out particular medical conditions and requirements relating to them that must be taken into account for a certificate of medical fitness or a declaration of medical fitness.	
		4.19 Hernia	
		The applicant must not have a hernia that has not satisfactorily been corrected by a curative operation, other than:	
		(a) a small inguinal hernia for which there is:	
		(i) no risk of strangulation; and	

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		(ii) surgical opinion stating that there is no clinical indication for surgery and the applicant may be accepted as fit for lifting tasks; or	
		(b) a diaphragmatic hernia without disabling reflux oesophagitis or other symptoms.	
		4.20 Speech	
		The applicant's speech must be clear and without hesitation so that orders can be communicated effectively to other crew during times of emergency and messages can be transmitted and understood on a radio.	
		4.21 Hearing	
		(1) The whispered voice, a watch or other proven tests may be used to test hearing ability.	
		(2) However, if there is doubt about the fitness of the applicant, testing must be conducted by means of an audiogram.	
		(2) When an audiogram is used, the hearing requirements are:	
		(a) hearing loss in the better ear must be ≤40 decibels (AMA standard) for the frequencies of 500 Hz, 1000 Hz and 2000 Hz; and	
		(b) if hearing level does not meet the standard mentioned in paragraph (a) — a hearing aid may be used if the standard can be met when using the aid.	
		(3) The applicant may meet the standard by demonstrating hearing that meets the standard in 1 ear.	
		4.22 External prostheses	
		For an applicant with an external prosthesis, it must not interfere with the normal duties the applicant would be expected to perform.	
		4.23 Cardiac pacemaker	
		For an applicant with a cardiac pacemaker, a medical practitioner, taking into account the state of the applicant's health and the reliability of the pacemaker, must state that:	
		(a) the applicant could perform the normal duties the applicant would be expected to perform; and	
		(b) the safe operation of a vessel would not be affected by the applicant's condition.	

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		4.24 Epilepsy	
		For an applicant with a history of epilepsy, a medical practitioner, taking into account the state of the applicant's health, must state that:	
		(a) the applicant is managing the epilepsy effectively; and	
		(b) the applicant could perform the normal duties that the applicant would be expected to perform; and	
		(c) the safe operation of a vessel would not be affected by the applicant's condition.	
		4.25 Diabetes	
		For an applicant with insulin-dependent diabetes, a medical practitioner must state that the person is managing the diabetes effectively.	
		4.26 Tuberculosis	
		An applicant with pulmonary tuberculosis must demonstrate that the disease is controlled or has been inactive for at least the previous 6 months.	
		Division 4.7 Other matters	
		4.27 Period of currency of medical certificate	
		(1) A medical practitioner issuing a certificate of medical fitness, or a medical practitioner, optometrist or ophthalmologist giving a statement about a vision or a colour vision test, must specify the date the examination was undertaken and the period for which the certificate or statement is current.	
		(2) The period of currency for a certificate of medical fitness or statement about a vision or colour vision test must not be more than 2 years.	
12 Form of certificate	11 Form of certificate		This section has been amended
(1) A certificate of competency must include the following:	(1) A certificate of competency must include the following:		to remove the reference to agencies of a State or the
(a) the name of the person to whom it is issued;	(a) the name of the person to whom it is issued;		Northern Territory.
(b) the date of birth of the person;	(b) the date of birth of the person;		
(c) a passport-style photograph taken in the 6 months before the person applied for the certificate;	(c) a passport-style photograph taken in the previous 6 months;		
(d) the date the certificate comes into force;	(d) the date of expiry of the certificate;		
(e) the date the certificate ceases to be in force;	(e) the kind of certificate;		

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(f) the kind of certificate;	(f) the restrictions (if any) on the certificate;		
(g) conditions imposed by the national Regulator on the certificate; (h) the endorsements (if any) on the certificate. (2) However, after the National Regulator decides to issue a certificate of competency and before the person to whom it is issued receives it, a letter from the National Regulator setting out the details of the certificate of competency is taken to be a certificate of competency. Note This is intended to allow the person to use the certificate while the plastic card including the photograph is prepared and before the person receives it. (3) A certificate of competency may include anything else the National Regulator considers relevant.	 (g) the conditions (if any) on the certificate; (h) the endorsements (if any) on the certificate; (i) if the delegate who issued the certificate is an employee of an agency of a State or the Northern Territory — the name (or abbreviated name) of the agency. (2) However, after the National Regulator decides to issue a certificate of competency and before the person to whom it is issued receives it, a letter from the National Regulator setting out the details of the certificate of competency is taken to be a certificate of competency. Note This is intended to allow the person to use the certificate while the plastic card including the photograph is prepared and before the person receives it. (3) A certificate of competency may include anything else the National Regulator considers relevant. 		
13 Conditions on certificate For paragraph 60(4)(ab) of the national law, a certificate of competency is subject to the following conditions: (a) the holder of the certificate must tell the National Regulator, in writing within 90 days, about any long term or permanent medical condition that is likely to affect the holder's ability to perform duties under the certificate; (b) the holder must tell the National Regulator, in writing within 90 days, if: (i) the holder changes their name or address; or (ii) a matter recorded on the certificate is no longer correct; (c) the holder must undertake a medical examination or medical tests, if required to do so by the National Regulator; (d) if the holder of any of the following certificates of competency has colour deficient vision, the holder must undertake a duty or perform a function for which the certificate is required during daylight hours only: (i) Coxswain Grade 3 NC; (ii) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;	12 Conditions For paragraph 60(4)(b) of the national law, a certificate of competency is subject to the following conditions and endorsements: (a) the holder must tell the National Regulator, in writing, about any long term or permanent medical condition that is likely to affect the holder's ability to perform duties under the certificate; (b) the holder must tell the National Regulator, in writing within 21 days, if: (i) the holder changes address; or (ii) a matter recorded on the certificate is no longer correct; (c) the National Regulator may require the holder to undertake medical examination or testing; (d) if the certificate is issued because the applicant met the eligibility criteria that applied to an existing certificate on 30 June 2013 — the conditions that applied to the existing certificate on 30 June 2013. Note The National Regulator may impose other conditions — See Act, s 60(4)(b).		A 90-day period has been included to the requirement to notify the National Regulator of any long term or permanent medical condition. The requirement to notify the National Regulator within 21 days of a change of address has been increased to 90 days. The condition limiting persons with a colour deficiency vision to duties during daylight hours has been moved to this section. This section now includes a stipulation that a certificate must be carried on board a vessel on which a holder is performing duties required by the certificate. The term (duration) of certificate is no longer specified in the Marine Order. Section 60(6) of the National Law refers to when a certificate is in force.

A certificate of competency expires at the earlier of:		
A certificate of competency expires at the earlier of:		
		As a matter of policy, AMSA will issue certificates of competency
(a) 5 years after it is issued or renewed; or		for a period up to 5 years.
(b) a lesser period determined by the National Regulator.		
15 Effect of endorsement		This section refers to the
 (1) An endorsement on a certificate of competency is taken to be an exemption granted under section 143 of the national law to the extent that it permits the holder of the certificate to perform duties or functions that the certificate does not otherwise permit. (2) Breach of a condition of an endorsement is taken to be a breach of a condition of the certificate that is 		endorsements listed in Schedule 5. Some of the endorsements listed in the National Regulator Endorsements Approval 2014 are incorporated into this Order or are no longer required because of changes to the
	15 Effect of endorsement (1) An endorsement on a certificate of competency is taken to be an exemption granted under section 143 of the national law to the extent that it permits the holder of the certificate to perform duties or functions that the certificate does not otherwise permit. (2) Breach of a condition of an endorsement is taken to	15 Effect of endorsement (1) An endorsement on a certificate of competency is taken to be an exemption granted under section 143 of the national law to the extent that it permits the holder of the certificate to perform duties or functions that the certificate does not otherwise permit. (2) Breach of a condition of an endorsement is taken to be a breach of a condition of the certificate.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
 (3) The application must be made in accordance with Marine Order 501. (4) The National Regulator may endorse a certificate of competency if the holder of the certificate: (a) has applied for endorsement in accordance with this Marine Order; and (b) meets the requirements set out in Schedule 5 for the endorsement sought. (5) A decision by the National Regulator to refuse to endorse a certificate is taken to be a reviewable decision for section 16 of Marine Order 501. 			Order. Endorsements to 600nm will no longer be issued.
15 Eligibility requirements — equivalence (1) This section applies to a person who completes training that the National Regulator considers equivalent to all or part of: (a) training that is an eligibility requirement mentioned in Schedule 3 for a certificate of competency; or (b) a requirement mentioned in Schedule 5 for endorsement on a certificate of competency. (2) The training completed is taken to meet the eligibility requirement mentioned in Schedule 3 or the requirement for endorsement mentioned in Schedule 5 to the extent that the National Regulator considers appropriate.		2.1 Eligibility criteria for certificates of competency (3) For paragraph (1)(b), an applicant is taken to meet the requirement to complete a course mentioned in Schedule 1 if the National Regulator determines that the applicant's sea service is equivalent to the requirement. (4) For subsection (3), the National Regulator may take into account the following: (a) the kind of certificate held when the applicant undertook the sea service; (b) any training undertaken or to be undertaken by the applicant; (c) the kinds of duties performed by the applicant when undertaking the sea service.	This section allows recognition of training that is considered equivalent to the training requirement listed in Schedule 3.
16 Sea service requirements — equivalence (1) This section applies to a person who completes sea service that the National Regulator considers equivalent to all or part of: (a) a sea service requirement mentioned in Schedule 3 for a certificate of competency; or (b) a requirement mentioned in Schedule 5 for endorsement on a certificate of competency. (2) The sea service completed is taken to meet the sea service requirement mentioned in Schedule 3 or the requirement for endorsement mentioned in Schedule 5 to the extent that the National Regulator considers appropriate.		3.3 Equivalence in service (1) This section applies to a person who completes sea service that the National Regulator considers equal to all or part of qualifying sea service being considered for eligibility of the person to hold a certificate of competency. (2) The sea service is taken to be qualifying sea service for the certificate of competency to the extent that the National Regulator considers appropriate.	This section incorporates the corresponding section from NSCV Part D and is largely unchanged.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
17 National Regulator may give information about certificates of competency			This section allows AMSA to provide information on the
(1) The National Regulator may give information on the status of a certificate of competency that it has issued or an endorsement on a certificate of competency that it has issued, if a request is made by:			status of a certificate of competency to the owner/master of a DCV or to a foreign administration.
(a) a foreign administration; or			
(b) the owner or master of a vessel on which the person to whom the certificate was issued works, or may work in the future; or			
(c) a State or Territory maritime agency; or			
(d) a State or Territory law enforcement agency.			
(2) The information may include whether the certificate has been suspended or revoked.			
Division 3 Variation, suspension and revocation of certificates of competency			
18 Criteria for variation of certificate	17 Criteria for variation		This section has been extended
(1) For paragraph 62(1)(b) of the national law, the criteria for the National Regulator to vary a certificate of competency on application are that:	(1) For paragraph 62(1)(b) of the national law, the criterion for the National Regulator to vary a certificate of competency on application is that the certificate no longer		to more clearly describe the criteria for variation of a certificate.
(a) the certificate contains incorrect information; or	reflects the qualifications or competencies of the applicant.		
(b) the certificate no longer reflects the qualifications or competencies of the applicant.	(2) For paragraph 62(2)(a) of the national law, the criterion for variation of a certificate of competency by the		
(2) For paragraph 62(2)(a) of the national law, the criteria for variation of a certificate of competency by the National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative are that:	National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative is that the National Regulator considers that any of the information mentioned in the certificate is no longer accurate.		
(a) the certificate contains incorrect information; or	accurate.		
(b) for the variation, imposition or removal of a condition on the certificate — the variation is required for the safe performance by the holder of the certificate of the duties or functions permitted by the certificate; or			
(c) the person cannot, for any reason, properly perform the duties the person is permitted to perform under the certificate.			
Note Under subsection 72(1) of the national law, the National Regulator must, before varying a certificate of competency, give the holder of the certificate a notice			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
inviting the holder to show cause, within a reasonable period specified in the notice, why the variation should not be made.			
19 Suspension of certificate	18 Criteria or purposes for suspension		This section has been extended
19 Suspension of certificate (1) For paragraph 63(1)(b) of the national law, the criteria for the National Regulator to suspend a certificate of competency on application are that the holder of the certificate has given the National Regulator a declaration that the certificate will not be used for the period for which the suspension is sought. (2) For subsection 63(2A) of the national law, the purposes for the suspension of a certificate of competency by the National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative are the following: (a) to ensure that fees owed to the National Regulator are recovered; (b) to ensure that the eligibility and medical requirements of this Marine Order are met; (c) to investigate whether the holder of the certificate: (i) gave information to the National Regulator that was false or misleading; (ii) contravened, or is contravening, a condition of the certificate; (iii) has demonstrated incompetence or misconduct relating to the safe navigation, management or working of a vessel; (iv) cannot, for any reason, properly perform the duties the person is permitted to perform under the certificate. Note The National Regulator must suspend a certificate if satisfied the suspension is necessary for other purposes:	18 Criteria or purposes for suspension (1) For paragraph 63(1)(b) of the national law, the criteria for the National Regulator to suspend a certificate of competency on application are that: (a) the holder of the certificate has given the National Regulator a declaration that the certificate will not be used for the period for which the suspension is sought; and (b) any fees relating to the certificate have been paid. (2) For subsection 63(2A) of the national law, purposes for the suspension of a certificate of competency by the National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative are the following: (a) ensuring unpaid fees are recovered; (b) ensuring the competency and medical requirements of NSCV Part D are met. Note The National Regulator may also suspend a certificate on its initiative if satisfied the suspension is necessary for other purposes (eg protecting human life) — see subsection 63(2) of the national law.		This section has been extended to consolidate all provisions with respect to the suspension of a certificate.
protecting human life, securing the safe navigation of vessels or dealing with an emergency involving a serious threat to the environment — see subsection 63(2) of the national law.			
(3) For subparagraph 63(3)(b) of the national law, the prescribed period is:			
(a) for a suspension on application mentioned in subsection 63(1) of the national law — 18 months; and			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(b) for a suspension on the National Regulator's initiative mentioned in subsections 63(2) and (2A) of the national law — 24 months.			
Note 1 Under paragraph 72(2)(a) of the national law the National Regulator must, before suspending a certificate under subsection 63(2A), give the holder of the certificate a notice inviting the holder to show cause, within a reasonable period specified in the notice, why the certificate should not be suspended.			
Note 2 The prescribed period is the maximum period a suspension may remain in force — the National Regulator may specify in writing an earlier period — see paragraph 63(3)(b) of the national law. The period may be described by reference to the fulfilment of a requirement or condition specified by the National Regulator — see subsection 63(4) of the national law.			
Note 3 Because of the operation of subsection 60(6) of the national law, suspension of a certificate of competency does not extend the duration of the certificate.			
20 Criteria for revocation of certificate	19 Criteria for revocation		This section has been extended
(1) For paragraph 64(1)(b) of the national law, the criterion for the National Regulator to revoke a certificate of competency on application is that the holder of the certificate has given the National Regulator a declaration that the certificate is no longer in use.	(1) For paragraph 64(1)(b) of the national law, the criteria for the National Regulator to revoke a certificate of competency on application are that: (a) the holder of the certificate has given the National		to more clearly describe the criteria for revocation of a certificate.
(2) For paragraph 64(2)(a) of the national law, the criteria for revocation of a certificate of competency by the	Regulator a declaration that the certificate is no longer in use; and		
National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative are that:	(b) any fees relating to the certificate have been paid.		
(a) it is necessary in the interest of marine safety or protecting the environment; or	(2) For paragraph 64(2)(a) of the national law, the criteria for revocation of a certificate of competency by the National Regulator on the National Regulator's initiative are that:		
(b) the certificate was wrongly issued; or	(a) the National Regulator considers it to be necessary in		
(c) the person gave information to the National Regulator that was false or misleading; or	the interest of marine safety or protecting the environment; or		
(d) the person contravened, or is contravening, a condition of the certificate; or	(b) the certificate was issued erroneously. Note The National Regulator may also revoke a certificate of competency if		
(e) the person has demonstrated incompetence or misconduct relating to the safe navigation, management or working of a vessel; or	satisfied that the holder is not a fit and proper person to hold the certificate — see subsection 64(3) of the national law.		

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(f) the person cannot, for any reason, properly perform the duties the person is permitted to perform under the certificate.			
Note 1 The National Regulator may also revoke a certificate of competency if satisfied that the holder is not a fit and proper person to hold the certificate — see subsection 64(3) of the national law.			
Note 2 Under subsection 72(1) of the national law, the National Regulator must, before revoking a certificate of competency, give the holder of the certificate a notice inviting the holder to show cause, within a reasonable period specified in the notice, why the certificate should not be revoked.			
21 Return of revoked certificate For section 84 of the national law, the revoked certificate must be delivered to the National Regulator within 90 days of the day the certificate was revoked.			A new section has been inserted requiring a revoked certificate to be returned to AMSA.
Division 4 Time before issue of certificate – signed declaration by final assessor			A new division has been inserted to incorporate Division 3 of Marine Safety (Temporary service) Exemption 2020 (Exemption 08).
22 Application of Division			A new section to incorporate
This Division applies if:			Division 3 of Marine Safety (Temporary service) Exemption
(a) a person has applied for any of the following certificates:			2020 (Exemption 08).
(i) General Purpose Hand NC;			
(ii) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;			
(iii) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;			
(iv) Master (Inland waters) NC;			
(v) Master <24 m NC;			
(vi) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;			
(vii) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC; and			
(b) the person meets the requirements mentioned in paragraphs 9(1)(a) and (b); and			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(c) a final assessor has provided a signed declaration on the approved form that the person has:			
(i) a current Certificate of Medical Fitness Domestic Seafarers that shows the person meets the Standards for the medical examination of domestic seafarers; and			
(ii) a current first aid certificate equivalent to at least HLTAID011 <i>Provide first aid</i> ; and			
(iii) satisfied the eligibility requirements mentioned in Schedule 3 for the certificate applied for; and			
(iv) stated that any sea service requirement for the certificate applied for has been met.			
23 Service on vessel prior to issue of certificate			A new section to incorporate
The person may undertake a duty or perform a function for which the certificate is required starting on the day of the signed declaration by the final assessor and ending on the earlier of:			Division 3 of Marine Safety (Temporary service) Exemption 2020 (Exemption 08).
(a) 60 days after the signed declaration; or			
(b) the day the National Regulator decides the application.			
24 Matters about signed declaration			A new section to incorporate
(1) Section 23 does not apply if the signed declaration by the final assessor was made in error or based on incorrect information.			Division 3 of Marine Safety (Temporary service) Exemption 2020 (Exemption 08).
(2) If requested by any of the following, the person must give the signed declaration to:			
(a) the owner or master of a vessel on which the person works or may work in the future;			
(b) a marine safety inspector;			
(c) the National Regulator.			
Division 5 Regulatory action			
25 Regulatory action by the National Regulator			A new section has been added
(1) The National Regulator may require a person who holds a certificate of competency to perform regulatory action if:			to make provision for regulatory action, such as requiring a person to complete appropriate training or a drug or alcohol

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(a) the person gave information to the National Regulator about the application for the person's certificate that was false or misleading; or			rehabilitation program, if required.
(b) the person contravened, or is contravening, a condition of the certificate; or			
(c) the person has demonstrated incompetence or misconduct relating to the safe navigation, management or working of a vessel; or			
(d) the person cannot, for any reason, properly perform the duties the person is permitted to perform under the certificate.			
Examples of regulatory action:			
completing a drug or alcohol rehabilitation program			
• completing, to the satisfaction of the National Regulator, specified training appropriate to the duties or functions the person is permitted to perform under the certificate.			
(2) A decision by the National Regulator to require a person to perform regulatory action is taken to be a reviewable decision for section 16 of Marine Order 501.			
Division 6 Approval of organisations to conduct final assessments			
26 Application for approval of organisation to conduct final assessments			New sections have been added for the approval of an
(1) A person may apply to the National Regulator for approval of an organisation to conduct final assessments for any of the following certificates:			organisation to conduct final assessments for some of the lower grade certificates.
(a) Coxswain Grade 2 NC;			Detailed information on approval of registered training
(b) Coxswain Grade 1 NC;			organisations as final assessors is published on the AMSA
(c) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC;			website
(d) Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC;			https://www.amsa.gov.au/qualifi
(e) Master <24 m NC;			cations-training/domestic- qualifications/registered-
(f) Master (Inland waters) NC.			training-organisations-delivering
(2) The application must be made in accordance with Marine Order 501.			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
27 Approval of organisation			A new section added for the
(1) The National Regulator may approve an organisation to conduct final assessments if the criteria in Schedule 6 are met.			approval of an organisation to conduct final assessments.
(2) The approval must be in writing and specify the certificates for which the organisation is approved to provide final assessments.			
28 Conditions attached to approval			A new section and schedule
An approval to conduct final assessments is subject to:			have been added for the conditions of an approval of an
(a) the conditions in Schedule 7; and			organisation to conduct final assessments.
(b) any additional condition attached to the approval by the National Regulator.			assessments.
29 Term of approval			This section details the term of
(1) An approval of an organisation to conduct final assessments has effect from the day it is issued.			approval for an organisation to conduct final assessments.
(2) The approval ceases to have effect:			
(a) if it is revoked — on the day of revocation; or			
(b) if it is not revoked — 9 months after it is issued.			
(3) The holder of an approval to conduct final assessments may apply to the National Regulator for an extension of the approval.			
(4) The National Regulator may extend an approval for up to 3 years from the date of issue of the approval if it is satisfied that:			
(a) the organisation continues to meet the criteria in Schedule 6; and			
(b) the organisation has complied with the conditions in Schedule 7.			
(5) The National Regulator may, on application from the holder of the approval, make further extensions of the approval, each for up to 3 years, if the criteria mentioned in subsection (4) are met.			
(6) An approval is not in effect at any time that it is suspended.			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
30 Variation, suspension and revocation of approval			A new section has been added
(1) The holder of an approval to conduct final assessments may apply to the National Regulator for the variation, suspension or revocation of the approval.			for the variation, suspension and revocation of approvals to conduct final assessments.
(2) The National Regulator may, in writing, vary an approval if it is satisfied that:			
(a) the variation sought means that the organisation continues to meet the criteria in Schedule 6; and			
(b) the organisation has complied with the conditions in Schedule 7.			
(3) The National Regulator may, in writing, suspend or revoke an approval if it considers that:			
(a) the organisation does not meet one or more of the criteria in Schedule 6; or			
(b) the organisation fails to comply with a condition in Schedule 7; or			
(c) a proposed partnership or subcontracting arrangement is not appropriate for the delivery of assessments.			
(4) A suspension has effect for the time specified, in writing, by the National Regulator.			
31 Review of approval decisions			This new section lists the
The following decisions by the National Regulator are taken to be reviewable decisions for section 16 of Marine Order 501:			reviewable decisions with respect to organisations with approval or seeking approval to conduct final assessments.
(a) to refuse to approve an organisation to conduct final assessments;			
(b) to refuse to extend an approval;			
(c) to vary an approval;			
(d) to refuse to vary an approval;			
(e) to suspend an approval;			
(f) to refuse to suspend an approval;			
(g) to revoke an approval;			
(h) to refuse to revoke an approval.			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Division 7 Transitional and savings			
32 Transitional (1) Subsections (2) to (5) apply to an application to the National Regulator for any matter mentioned in this Marine Order if the application: (a) is made before [1 January 2023]; and (b) is not decided before [1 January 2023]. (2) The application is taken to be an application to which this Marine Order applies. (3) If the application is for the issue of a Master <35 m NC, it is taken to be an application for a Master <45 m NC. (4) If the application is for the issue of a Master <80 m NC, it is taken to be an application for a Master <100 m NC. (5) If the application is for the issue of a Mate <80 m NC,			This section provides for applications that are made prior to the commencement of this Order but that have not been decided until after the commencement of the order.
it is taken to be an application for a Master <24 m NC. 33 Savings (1) Subsections (2) and (3) apply to an approval for an organisation to conduct <i>final assessment</i> s that was in effect on [31 December 2022]. (2) The approval continues to apply to the organisation. (3) Sections 28 to 30 of this Marine Order apply to the approval. (4) An endorsement on a certificate on [31December 2022] continues to apply to the certificate after [31 December 2022] until the certificate is no longer in force. Note A certificate of competency issued before the commencement of this Marine Order continues to operate until the day specified in the certificate — see subsection 60(6) of the national law. The certificate is subject to the conditions mentioned in this Marine Order (paragraph 60(4)(ab) of the national Regulator (paragraph 60(4)(b) of the national law).			This section provides for approvals to conduct final assessments that were made prior to the commencement of this Order to be continued after the commencement of the order.
Schedule 1 Duties and functions for which a certificate of competency is required			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(subsection 7)			
In this schedule <eez< b=""> means in inland waters and in waters to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone of Australia.</eez<>			This provides the meaning of <eez.< td=""></eez.<>
General Purpose Hand NC Note The terms deck work, direct supervision, engine work, and general supervision are defined in section 4. 1. assist with deck work on a vessel <100 m long and <3000 GT <eez 2.="" <3000="" <eez="" a="" an="" another="" appropriately="" assist="" assisting="" certificate.<="" certificated="" chief="" crew="" deck="" delegates="" direct="" engine="" engineer="" general="" hold="" is="" kw="" master="" means="" member="" not="" note="" of="" on="" or="" person="" power="" propulsion="" rather="" required="" supervision="" td="" than="" that="" the="" this="" to="" under="" vessel="" whom="" with="" work=""><td></td><td>2.1 General Purpose Hand NC (a) assist a master or engineer in any tasks that may be required on board, while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel or its engines (b) work: (i) on deck or in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ; and (ii) in the engine room only for a vessel with propulsion power <3000 kW</td><td>The permitted duties for this certificate has not increased, but have been further clarified. The certificate holder can assist with deck work under general supervision. The vessel length has been increased to <100m and <3000 GT.</td></eez>		2.1 General Purpose Hand NC (a) assist a master or engineer in any tasks that may be required on board, while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel or its engines (b) work: (i) on deck or in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ; and (ii) in the engine room only for a vessel with propulsion power <3000 kW	The permitted duties for this certificate has not increased, but have been further clarified. The certificate holder can assist with deck work under general supervision. The vessel length has been increased to <100m and <3000 GT.
Coxswain Grade 3 NC 1. command, and operate the engines of a vessel <12 m long: (a) carrying no more than 6 persons including crew and master unless the vessel is a tender mentioned in paragraph (d); and (b) if the vessel is carrying passengers — only in daylight hours; and (c) with propulsion power: (i) for an inboard engine — <100 kW; or (ii) for an outboard engine — <250 kW; and (d) if the vessel is a tender that has a parent vessel <eez (c)="" (e)="" (i)="" 3="" 3;="" a="" and="" and<="" capable="" communicating="" coxswain="" eligibility="" for="" grade="" in="" is="" mile="" n="" nc="" of="" or="" parent="" person="" requirement="" satisfies="" schedule="" td="" tender="" the="" under="" vessel="" vessel:="" who="" with="" within=""><td></td><td></td><td>Coxswain Grade 3 is a new certificate based generally on the permitted duties of a person operating under an Exemption 38. This new certificate enables repealing some general exemptions.</td></eez>			Coxswain Grade 3 is a new certificate based generally on the permitted duties of a person operating under an Exemption 38. This new certificate enables repealing some general exemptions.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(ii) within 1 n mile of the parent vessel for a person not mentioned in subparagraph (i); and			
(iii) in line of sight of the parent vessel; and			
(e) if the vessel is not mentioned in paragraph (d) — in any of the following:			
(i) a marina;			
(ii) a mooring area in sight and communication of a marina;			
(iii) inland waters;			
(iv) smooth waters;			
(v) waters within 1 n mile of shore;			
(vi) waters:			
(A) of an aquaculture lease approved by a State or Territory; or			
(B) approved by a State or Territory for daily transit to and from an aquaculture lease; or			
(C) within 1 n mile of a State or Territory approved aquaculture lease;			
(vii) waters within 250 m of a structure fixed to the shore.			
2. command and operate the engines of a vessel < 12 m long:			
(a) that is used only for towing people; and			
(b) with propulsion power for an inboard or outboard engine of < 500 kW; and			
(c) in waters approved as a water ski area by a State or Territory authority; and			
(d) in daylight hours only.			
Coxswain Grade 2 NC		2.6 Coxswain Grade 2 NC	Coxswain Grade 2 NC is no
1. command, and operate the engines, of a vessel <12 m long:		(a) command and operate the engines of a vessel <12 m long that is not carrying passengers:	longer restricted to non- passenger carrying operations.
(a) in sheltered waters or within 5 n mile of shore or an aquaculture lease; and		(i) in sheltered waters or within 5 nm from point of departure, shore base or aquaculture lease; and	
(b) with propulsion power:		(ii) with propulsion power:	
(i) for an inboard engine — <100 kW; or			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(") (no see the control of the contr		(A) for a sixty and a sixty an	
(ii) for an outboard engine — unlimited		(A) for an inboard engine — <100 kW unless endorsed to <500 kW inboard propulsion; or	
2. command, and operate the engines, of a vessel <12 m long:		(B) for an outboard engine — unlimited	
(a) as a tender within 3 n mile of the parent vessel <eez; and<="" td=""><td></td><td>(b) command and operate the engines of a vessel that is not carrying passengers:</td><td></td></eez;>		(b) command and operate the engines of a vessel that is not carrying passengers:	
(b) with propulsion power:		(i) as a tender or auxiliary vessel within 3 nm of a parent	
(i) for an inboard engine — <100 kW; or		vessel in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ; and	
(ii) for an outboard engine — unlimited		(ii) with propulsion power:	
undertake the duties and perform the functions of a Coxswain Grade 3 NC		(A) for an inboard engine — <100 kW unless endorsed to <500 kW inboard propulsion; or	
Somethian Stade of the		(B) for an outboard engine — unlimited	
Coxswain Grade 1 NC		2.7 Coxswain Grade 1 NC	The Coxswain Grade 1
1. command, and operate the engines, of a vessel <12 m long:		(a) command and operate the engines of a vessel <12 m long:	limitations have not changed. Sheltered waters only limitation
(a) in inshore waters, or in waters designated for a specific purpose by a State or Territory authority in which it permits holders of this certificate to operate, subject to any conditions that it may impose; and		(i) in inshore waters, or in waters designated for a specific purpose by a State or Territory authority in which it permits holders of this certificate to operate, subject to any conditions that it may impose; and	has been removed.
(b) with propulsion power:		(ii) with propulsion power:	
(i) for an inboard engine — <500 kW; or		(A) for an inboard engine — <500 kW; or	
(ii) for an outboard engine — unlimited		(B) for an outboard engine — unlimited; and	
2. command, and operate the engines, of the vessel <12 m long:		(iii) if the vessel is a tender or auxiliary vessel — within 3 nm of a parent vessel in waters to the outer limits of the	
(a) as a tender within 3 n mile of the parent vessel <eez; and<="" td=""><td></td><td>Restricted to:</td><td></td></eez;>		Restricted to:	
(b) with propulsion power:		(b) if the holder completes only the entry level motor	
(i) for an inboard engine — <500 kW; or		engineering unit of the Transport and Logistics Industry Skills Council Ltd maritime training package — vessels	
(ii) for an outboard engine — unlimited		with unlimited outboard propulsion power or inboard propulsion power <100 kW; and	
3. act as chief mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <24 m long in inshore waters		(c) if the holder does not meet the sea service	
4. undertake the duties and perform the functions of a General Purpose Hand NC, a Coxswain Grade 3 NC and Coxswain Grade 2 NC		requirement mentioned in paragraph 1.7(2)(a) of Schedule 1 — command and operate the engines of a vessel only in sheltered waters or within 5 nm from point of departure, shore base or aquaculture lease	
Sailing Master Coastal NC			Sailing Master Coastal NC is a new certificate that allows a

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
1. command, and operate the engines, of a sailing vessel <24 m long:			person who holds a commercially endorsed RYA
(b) with propulsion power <100 kW; and			Coastal Yachtmaster certificate to obtain a certificate of
(c) in inshore waters			competency to command and operate the engines of sailing
chief mate or deck watchkeeper of a sailing vessel <45 m long in inshore waters			vessels <24m, <100kW operating in inshore waters.
3. operate a tender:			This certificate is issued in
(a) for the vessel under the command of the master; and			compliance with the MOU with RYA to recognise their
(b) with propulsion power <100 kW			qualifications.
4. undertake the duties and perform the functions of a General Purpose Hand NC			
Sailing Master Offshore NC			Sailing Master Offshore NC is a
1. command, and operate the engines, of a sailing vessel <24 m long <eez:< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>new certificate that allows a person who holds a commercially endorsed RYA</td></eez:<>			new certificate that allows a person who holds a commercially endorsed RYA
(a) with propulsion power <100 kW; and			Yachtmaster Offshore or Yachtmaster Ocean certificate
(b) with no more than 12 passengers if outside inshore waters			to obtain a certificate of competency to command and
2. chief mate or deck watchkeeper of a sailing vessel <45 m long <eez< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>operate the engines of sailing vessels <24m, <100kW to operate within the EEZ.</td></eez<>			operate the engines of sailing vessels <24m, <100kW to operate within the EEZ.
3. operate a tender:			Passengers are restricted to no
(a) for the vessel under the command of the master; and			more than 12 passengers if operating as master beyond
(b) with propulsion power <100 kW			inshore waters. This certificate
undertake the duties and perform the functions of a General Purpose Hand NC			is issued in compliance with the MOU with RYA to recognise their qualifications.
Master (Inland waters) NC		2.9 Master (Inland waters)	The length limitation on the
1. command a vessel <45 m long in inland waters		command a commercial vessel <24 m long in inland	Master (Inland waters) has been changed from <24m to
2. undertake the duties and perform the functions of a General Purpose Hand NC		waters	<45 m.
Master <24 m NC		2.8 Master <24 m NC	The limitations for the Master
1. command a vessel <24 m long <eez< td=""><td></td><td>(a) command a commercial vessel <24 m long in waters</td><td><24 m NC have changed to align with the new Master <45</td></eez<>		(a) command a commercial vessel <24 m long in waters	<24 m NC have changed to align with the new Master <45
2. act as chief mate on a vessel <45 m long <eez< td=""><td></td><td>to the outer limits of the EEZ</td><td>m NC and Master <100 m NC certificates.</td></eez<>		to the outer limits of the EEZ	m NC and Master <100 m NC certificates.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
3. act as deck watchkeeper on a vessel <100 m and <3000 GT <eez (inland="" 4.="" 5.="" <100="" <3000="" a="" act="" and="" as="" chief="" duties="" functions="" general="" gt="" hand="" in="" inshore="" m="" master="" mate="" nc="" nc<="" of="" on="" perform="" purpose="" td="" the="" undertake="" vessel="" waters="" waters)=""><td></td><td>(b) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <35 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80m long in inshore waters Paragraph (a) restricted to: (d) if the holder does not meet the sea service requirement mentioned in paragraph 1.8(3)(a) of Schedule 1 — command of a vessel only in sheltered waters</td><td>Limits increased to enable watchkeeper duties on <100m and <3000GT vessels to <eez been="" has="" limitation="" only="" removed.<="" sheltered="" td="" waters=""></eez></td></eez>		(b) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <35 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80m long in inshore waters Paragraph (a) restricted to: (d) if the holder does not meet the sea service requirement mentioned in paragraph 1.8(3)(a) of Schedule 1 — command of a vessel only in sheltered waters	Limits increased to enable watchkeeper duties on <100m and <3000GT vessels to <eez been="" has="" limitation="" only="" removed.<="" sheltered="" td="" waters=""></eez>
Master <45 m NC 1. command a vessel <45 m long <eez 2.="" 3.="" 4.="" <100="" <3000="" <eez="" a="" act="" and="" as="" chief="" command="" deck="" duties="" functions="" general="" gt="" hand="" in="" inshore="" m="" mate="" nc<="" of="" on="" or="" perform="" purpose="" td="" the="" undertake="" vessel="" watchkeeper="" waters=""><td></td><td>2.10 Master <35 m NC (a) command a commercial vessel <35 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) be Master of a vessel <80 m long in inshore waters (c) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ</td><td>The Master <45 m NC is a new certificate that replaces the Master <35 m NC.</td></eez>		2.10 Master <35 m NC (a) command a commercial vessel <35 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) be Master of a vessel <80 m long in inshore waters (c) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ	The Master <45 m NC is a new certificate that replaces the Master <35 m NC.
		2.11 Mate <80 m NC be second in command of a commercial vessel <80 m long operating in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ	The Mate <80 m NC will no longer be issued.
Master <100 m NC 1. command a vessel <100 m and <3000 GT <eez 2.="" <24="" a="" and="" duties="" functions="" general="" hand="" m="" master="" master<45="" nc="" nc,="" nc<="" of="" perform="" purpose="" td="" the="" undertake=""><td></td><td>2.12 Master <80 m NC (a) command a commercial vessel <80m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ Restricted to: (c) if the holder does not meet the qualifying sea service requirement mentioned in paragraph 1.12(3)(a) of Schedule 1 — command of a vessel <80 m long in sheltered waters</td><td>The Master <100 m NC is a new certificate and replaces the Master < 80 m NC certificate.</td></eez>		2.12 Master <80 m NC (a) command a commercial vessel <80m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) act as Chief Mate or deck watchkeeper on a vessel <80 m long in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ Restricted to: (c) if the holder does not meet the qualifying sea service requirement mentioned in paragraph 1.12(3)(a) of Schedule 1 — command of a vessel <80 m long in sheltered waters	The Master <100 m NC is a new certificate and replaces the Master < 80 m NC certificate.
Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC 1. chief engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <500 kW <eez 2.="" <eez<="" a="" an="" chief="" engine="" engineer="" of="" on="" outboard="" power="" propulsion="" td="" unlimited="" vessel="" with=""><td></td><td>2.2 Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ</td><td>The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.</td></eez>		2.2 Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ	The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
3. second engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW <eez 4.="" 5.="" <3000="" <eez="" <eez<="" a="" an="" any="" assist="" be="" board="" charge="" engine="" engineer="" engines="" general="" in="" inboard="" kw="" may="" of="" on="" person="" power="" propulsion="" required="" room="" supervision="" tasks="" td="" that="" the="" under="" vessel="" vessel's="" while="" with="" work="" working=""><td></td><td>(b) Second Engineer (second in charge of the engine room) on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW Restricted to: (f) if subclause 1.2(2) of Schedule 1 applies — Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ</td><td></td></eez>		(b) Second Engineer (second in charge of the engine room) on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW Restricted to: (f) if subclause 1.2(2) of Schedule 1 applies — Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ	
Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC 1. chief engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW <eez 2.="" 3.="" 4.="" 5.="" <1500="" <3000="" <eez="" <eez<="" a="" an="" any="" assist="" be="" board="" charge="" chief="" engine="" engineer="" engines="" general="" in="" inboard="" kw="" may="" of="" on="" outboard="" person="" power="" propulsion="" required="" room="" second="" supervision="" tasks="" td="" that="" the="" under="" unlimited="" vessel="" vessel's="" while="" with="" work="" working=""><td></td><td>2.3 Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Second Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <1500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW</td><td>The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.</td></eez>		2.3 Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <750 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Second Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <1500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW	The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.
Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC 1. chief engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <1500 kW <eez 2.="" 3.="" <3000="" <eez="" <eez<="" a="" an="" chief="" engine="" engineer="" inboard="" kw="" on="" outboard="" power="" propulsion="" second="" td="" unlimited="" vessel="" with=""><td></td><td>2.4 Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <1500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Second Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power<3000 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ</td><td>The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.</td></eez>		2.4 Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <1500 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Second Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power<3000 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ	The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.

	Marine Order 505 ((2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
4. assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the general supervision of the the person in charge of the vessel's engines <eez 5.="" <3000="" <eez<="" a="" an="" engine="" in="" inboard="" kw="" of="" power="" propulsion="" room="" td="" the="" vessel="" with="" work=""><td>eneral supervision of sel's engines <eez an="" inboard<="" sel="" td="" with=""><td></td><td>(c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW</td><td></td></eez></td></eez>		eneral supervision of sel's engines <eez an="" inboard<="" sel="" td="" with=""><td></td><td>(c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW</td><td></td></eez>		(c) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (d) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (e) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW	
1. chief propuls 2. chief with un 3. assis on boar the the 4. work	Engineer Class 3 NC 1. chief engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <3000 kW <eez 2.="" 3.="" 4.="" <3000="" <eez="" <eez<="" a="" an="" any="" assist="" be="" board="" charge="" chief="" engine="" engineer="" engines="" general="" in="" inboard="" kw="" may="" of="" on="" outboard="" person="" power="" propulsion="" required="" room="" supervision="" tasks="" td="" that="" the="" under="" unlimited="" vessel="" vessel's="" while="" with="" work="" working=""><td></td><td>2.5 Engineer Class 3 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <3000 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (d) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW</td><td>The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.</td></eez>			2.5 Engineer Class 3 NC (a) Chief Engineer on a vessel with an inboard engine with propulsion power <3000 kW in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (b) Chief Engineer or Second Engineer on a vessel with an outboard engine with unlimited propulsion in waters to the outer limits of the EEZ (c) assist an engineer in any tasks that may be required on board while working under the direct supervision of the person in charge of the vessel's engines (d) work in the engine room of a vessel <80 m long with propulsion power <3000 kW	The permitted duties for this certificate have not changed.
	ule 2 Corresponding certifiction 7(2))	cates			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Seafarer certificate Navigational Watch Rating Engine Room Watch Rating Able Seafarer – Deck Able Seafarer – Engine Integrated Rating Chief Integrated Rating Watchkeeper (Deck) <500 GT Watchkeeper (Deck) <500 GT with <3000 GT NC endorsement	Certificate of competency General Purpose Hand NC Meneral Purpose Hand NC Master <24m NC			This schedule lists the corresponding certificate of competency for a person that holds a seafarer certificate issued under the Navigation Act (Marine Order 70). This schedule incorporates EX30 with minor amendments.

	Marine Order 505 (2022)		Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
9	Watchkeeper Deck <3000 GT (Yachts)	Coxswain Grade 1 NC			
10	Wetchkeeper (Deek)	Master <24m NC			
10	Watchkeeper (Deck)		_		
11	Mate <500 GT	Master <45m NC	_		
12	Mate <500 GT with Chief Mate <3000 GT NC endorsement	Master <45m NC			
13	Chief Mate <3000 GT	Coxswain Grade 1			
	(Yachts)	NC			
14	Chief Mate <3000 GT	Master <24m NC			
15	Chief Mate <3000 GT with Master <500 GT unlimited and <3000 GT	Master <100 m NC			
	NC endorsement				
16	Chief Mate	Master <24m NC			
17	Chief Mate with Master <500 GT unlimited and <3000 GT endorsement	Master <100 m NC			
18	Master <24m FG	Master <24m NC			
19	Master <500 GT (Yachts)	Coxswain Grade 1 NC			
20	Master <500GT	Master <100 m NC			
21	Master <3000 GT (Yachts)	Coxswain Grade 1 NC			
22	Master <3000 GT	Master <100 m NC			
23	Master	Master <100 m NC			
24	Electro-technical officer	Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC			
25	Engineer Watchkeeper (Motor)	Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC endorsed for <750 kW steam			
26	Engineer Watchkeeper (Motor and Steam)	Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC endorsed for <750 kW steam			
27	Engineer Watchkeeper endorsed Second Engineer <3000kW (Motor)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			
28	Engineer Watchkeeper endorsed Chief Engineer <3000kW NC (Motor and steam)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			
29	Engineer Class 2 (Motor)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			

	Marine Order 505 (2022)		Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
30	Engineer Class 2 (Motor and Steam)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			
31	Engineer Class 1 (Motor)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			
32	Engineer Class 1 (Motor and Steam)	Engineer Class 3 NC endorsed for <750kW steam			
	ule 3 Eligibility and sea serv	vice requirements			
Eligik Gene Seas	eral Purpose Hand NC collity requirement colling Purpose Hand course at conservice requirement ast 5 days qualifying sea servicel			1.1 General Purpose Hand NC Note This is the lowest level of certificate for crew who are not in charge of a vessel or its engines. The applicant must have completed a General Purpose Hand course at Certificate 1 level.	Five days sea service on a commercial vessel is now required.
Eligit Any c (a) At (b) R' (c) cc practi (Low perfor (d) ea	wain Grade 3 NC collity requirements one of the following: ustralian Sailing Powerboat H YA level 2 Powerboat course; completion before [1 January 2 ical assessment in accordance complexity duties) Exemption rmance of low complexity dutie ach of the following: icence, issued by a State or T ational vessel; least 1 day qualifying sea ser	023] of training and finate with Marine Safety a 2020 for the lies;			The Coxswain Grade 3 NC eligibility requirements are generally based on Exemption 38. A recreational boat licence has been included as an eligibility option (Allows for repealing exemptions 13, 15, 20, 21 & 38's-marina operations) Ex 38 training, completed prior to implementation of this Order will be accepted.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
vessel; (iii) a declaration on the approved form; (e) each of the following courses from the MAR Maritime Training Package, or a course developed as part of the MAR Maritime Training Package to cover the same skills: (i) MARI003 Comply with regulations to ensure safe operation of a vessel up to 12 metres; (ii) MARK007 Handle a vessel up to 12 metres; (iii) MARN008 Apply seamanship skills aboard a vessel up to 12 metres. Coxswain Grade 2 NC Eligibility requirements 1. Coxswain Grade 2 course at certificate 1 level 2. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book:		1.6 Coxswain Grade 2 NC The applicant must: (a) have completed a Coxswain Grade 2 course at Certificate 1 level; and (b) have at least: (i) 7 days qualifying sea service on commercial or representational travelles and a completed expressed tracks.	The sea service requirement has been changed to 10 days with a task book and 50 days without a task book for rationalising.
At least 10 days qualifying sea service on a commercial or recreational vessel Without AMSA approved task book: At least 50 days qualifying sea service on a commercial or recreational vessel		recreational vessels, and a completed approved task book; or (ii) 60 days qualifying sea service on commercial or recreational vessels; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment.	
Coxswain Grade 1 NC Eligibility requirements 1. Coxswain Grade 1 course at certificate 2 level 2. Short Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency issued by ACMA (or higher qualification) 3. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book:		1.7 Coxswain Grade 1 NC (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Coxswain Grade 1 course at Certificate 2 level; and (b) hold a Marine Radio Operators VHF Certificate of Proficiency issued by the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or higher qualification, or an equivalent qualification approved by the National Regulator; and (c) have at least: (i) 30 days qualifying sea service working on board commercial vessels ≥5 m long while working in a deck, or	The sea service requirement has been changed to 150 days without a task book for rationalising. The name of the Marine Radio Operator's qualification has been updated. The requirement to obtain sea service seaward of sheltered waters has been removed.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
At least 30 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥5 m long, working in a deck capacity or working both in a deck capacity and an engineering capacity *Without AMSA approved task book:* At least 150 days qualifying sea service on a commercial or recreational vessel ≥5 m long, working in a deck capacity or working both in a deck capacity and an engineering capacity		deck and engineering, capacity on board, and a completed approved task book; or (ii) 240 days qualifying sea service working on board commercial or recreational vessels ≥5 m long while working as a deck, or deck and engineering, capacity on board; and (d) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) For the qualifying sea service mentioned in paragraph (1)(c): (a) at least half must be seaward of sheltered waters; or (b) the applicant may be issued with a Coxswain Grade 1 NC certificate restricted to sheltered waters.	
Sailing Master Coastal NC Eligibility requirement 1. Commercially endorsed RYA Yachtmaster Coastal certificate 2. Short Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency issued by ACMA (or higher qualification) 3. Any one of the following: (a) Coxswain Grade 1 NC certificate of competency; (b) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 certificate of competency; (c) MAR Maritime Training Package MARC037 Operate inboard and outboard motors, or a course developed as part of the MAR Maritime Training Package to cover the same skills; (d) RYA Diesel Engine course and the Australian Sailing Powerboat Handling course; (e) The RYA Diesel Engine course and the RYA level 2 Powerboat course			The eligibility requirements for a Sailing Master Coastal NC are a commercially endorsed RYA certificate as well as an engineering training component.
Sailing Master Offshore NC Eligibility requirements 1. Commercially endorsed RYA Yachtmaster Offshore or Yachtmaster Ocean certificate			The eligibility requirements for a Sailing Master Offshore NC are a commercially endorsed RYA certificate as well as an engineering training component.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
2. Long Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency (or higher) issued by ACMA 3. Any one of the following: (a) Coxswain Grade 1 NC certificate of competency; (b) Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 certificate of competency; (c) MAR Maritime Training Package MARC037 Operate inboard and outboard motors, or a course developed as part of the MAR Maritime Training Package to cover the same skills; (d) RYA Diesel Engine course and the Australian Sailing Powerboat Handling course; (e) The RYA Diesel Engine course and the RYA level 2 Powerboat course.			
Master (Inland waters) NC Eligibility requirements 1. Master (Inland waters) NC course at certificate 3 level 2. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book: At least 60 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥7.5 m long working in a deck capacity Without AMSA approved task book: At least 120 days qualifying sea service on a commercial or recreational vessel ≥7.5 m long, working in a deck capacity or working both in a deck capacity and an engineering capacity		1.9 Master (Inland waters) (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Master (Inland waters) course at Certificate 3 level; and (b) have at least: (i) 60 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels ≥7.5 m long and a completed approved task book while working in any deck capacity on board; or (ii) 120 days qualifying sea service on vessels ≥7.5 m long while working on board in a deck, or deck and engineering, capacity on board; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) For subparagraph (1)(b)(ii), all the sea service may be on recreational vessels.	No changes to the eligibility requirements.
Master <24 m NC Eligibility requirements		1.8 Master <24 m NC (1) The applicant must:	The sea service requirement has been changed to 360 days

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
1. Masters <24 m course at certificate 3 level 2. Long Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency (or higher) issued by ACMA 3. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book: At least 120 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥7.5 m long working in a deck capacity Without AMSA approved task book: At least 360 days qualifying sea service on a vessel ≥7.5 m long (of which at least half must be on a commercial vessel), working in a deck capacity or working both in a deck capacity and an engineering capacity		 (a) have completed a Master <24 m course at Certificate 3 level; and (b) hold a Marine Radio Operators Certificate of Proficiency issued by the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or higher qualification, or an equivalent qualification approved by the National Regulator; and (c) have at least: (i) 120 days of qualifying sea service in the 5 years before the application working on board commercial vessels ≥7.5 m long, and completed an approved task book; or (ii) 600 days of qualifying sea service, of which: (A) at least half must be accrued on vessels ≥7.5m long; and (B) at least half must be accrued on commercial vessels; and (C) up to half may be accrued on recreational vessels ≥5 m long; and (d) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) The applicant must have accrued the qualifying sea service while working in a deck, or deck and engineering, capacity on board. (3) For the qualifying sea service mentioned in paragraph (1)(c): (a) at least half must be seaward of sheltered waters; or (b) the applicant may be issued with a Master <24 m NC certificate restricted to sheltered waters. 	without a task book for rationalising. All sea service must be completed on vessels ≥7.5m (Option of completing up to half sea service on smaller vessels has been removed) The name of the Marine Radio Operator's qualification has been updated. The requirement to obtain sea service seaward of sheltered waters has been removed.
Master <45 m NC Eligibility requirements 1. Master <24 m NC or Mate <80 m NC certificate of competency 2. Master <45 m course at certificate 4 level 3. Long Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency (or higher) issued by ACMA 4. Final assessment		1.10 Master <35 m NC (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Master <35m course at Certificate 4 level; and (b) hold a Marine Radio Operators Certificate of Proficiency issued by the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or higher qualification, or an equivalent qualification approved by the National Regulator; and	The Master <45 m NC eligibility requirements are based on the Master <35 m NC certificate previously available. The name of the Marine Radio Operator's qualification has been updated. The requirement to obtain sea service seaward of sheltered waters has been removed.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book: At least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥12 m long while holding a Master <24 m NC certificate or a Mate <80 m NC certificate including 120 days as person in charge of a navigational watch Without AMSA approved task book: At least 360 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥12 m long while holding a Master <24 m NC certificate or a Mate <80 m NC certificate including 240 days as person in charge of a navigational watch		(c) while holding a Master <24 m NC or a Mate <80m NC certificate, or a certificate that the National Regulator considers is equivalent to it: (i) have 180 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels ≥12 m long, including 120 days as person in charge of a navigational watch, and a completed approved task book; or (ii) have 360 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels ≥12 m long, including 240 days as person in charge of a navigational watch; and (d) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) For the qualifying sea service mentioned in paragraph (1)(c): (a) at least half must be seaward of sheltered waters; or (b) the applicant may be issued with a Master <35 m NC	
		certificate restricted to sheltered waters. 1.11 Mate <80 m NC (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Master <35m course at Certificate 4 level; and (b) hold a Marine Radio Operators Certificate of Proficiency issued by the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or higher qualification, or an equivalent qualification approved by the National Regulator; and (c) have at least: (i) 300 days qualifying sea service working on board commercial vessels ≥12 m and a completed Master <35 m NC approved task book while working in any deck capacity on board; or (ii) 600 days qualifying sea service working on board commercial vessels ≥12 m while working in any deck capacity on board; and (d) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) For paragraph (1)(c): (a) at least half the sea service must have been seaward of sheltered waters; or	The Mate <80 m NC will no longer be issued.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
		(b) the applicant may be issued with a Mate <80 m NC certificate that is restricted to sheltered waters.	
Master <100 m NC		1.12 Master <80 m NC	The Master <100 m NC
Eligibility requirements		(1) The applicant must:	eligibility requirements are based on the Master <80 m NC
Master <35 m NC, Master <45 m NC, or Mate <80 m NC certificate of competency		(a) have completed a Master <80m course at Diploma level; and	certificate previously available. The name of the Marine Radio
2. Master <100 m course at diploma level		(b) hold a Marine Radio Operators Certificate of	Operator's qualification has been updated.
Long Range Operator Certificate of Proficiency (or higher) issued by ACMA		Proficiency issued by the Australian Communications and Media Authority, or higher qualification, or an equivalent qualification approved by the National Regulator; and	been updated.
4. Final assessment		(c) have at least:	
Sea service requirement		(i) while holding a Master <35 m NC certificate — 180	
With AMSA approved task book:		days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels ≥24 m long including 120 days as person in charge of a	
Either of the following:		navigational watch, and a completed approved task book; or	
(a) at least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥24 m long while holding a Master <45 m NC certificate including 120 days as officer of the watch on a commercial vessel ≥24 m;		(ii) while holding a Master <35 m NC certificate — 360 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels ≥24 m long including 240 days as person in charge of a navigational watch; or	
(b) at least 360 days qualifying sea service as officer of the watch on a commercial vessel ≥24 m long while holding a Mate <80 m NC or a non command seafarer certificate.		(iii) while holding a Mate <80 m NC or other non- command certificate —360 days as officer of the watch on commercial vessels ≥24 m long and a completed approved task book; or	
Without AMSA approved task book:		(iv) while holding a Mate <80 m NC or other non-	
Either of the following:		command certificate —720 days as officer of the watch	
(a) at least 360 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel ≥24 m long while holding a Master<45 m NC certificate including 120 days as officer of the watch on a commercial vessel ≥24 m;		on commercial vessels ≥24 m long; and (d) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment.	
(b) at least 720 days qualifying sea service as officer of the watch on a commercial vessel ≥24 m long while		Note for paragraph (1)(c) The National Regulator considers the certificates mentioned in Schedule 3, as equivalent to the Master <35 m NC certificate, to be equivalent.	
holding a Mate <80 m NC or a non command seafarer certificate.		(2) For subparagraphs (1)(c)(iii) and (iv), a non-command certificate is a certificate other than one that allows its	
Note The following seafarer certificates are non command:		holder to command a vessel. (3) For paragraph (1)(c):	
Watchkeeper Deck <500 GT		(a) at least half the sea service must have been seaward	
Watchkeeper Deck <3000 GT (Yachts)		of sheltered waters; or	
Watchkeeper Deck		(b) the applicant may be issued with a certificate that is restricted to sheltered waters.	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Chief Mate <3000 GT (Yachts)			
Chief Mate <3000 GT Chief Mate			
Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC Eligibility requirements 1. Marine Engine Driver 3 course at certificate 2 level 2. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book: At least 20 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with propulsion power ≥75 kW that includes at least 10 days on a vessel with an inboard diesel engine. Without AMSA approved task book: At least 60 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with propulsion power ≥75 kW that includes at least 30 days on a vessel with an inboard diesel engine. In each case the qualifying sea service must be completed while performing duties as a general purpose hand (whether certificated or not), Coxswain Grade 1 NC, Coxswain Grade 2 NC, assistant to a marine engine driver, chief engineer or second engineer.		1.2 Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 course at Certificate 2 level; and (b) have at least: (i) 20 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with propulsion power ≥75 kW that includes at least 10 days on vessels with inboard diesel engines and a completed approved task book; or (ii) 60 days qualifying sea service on vessels with propulsion power ≥75 kW that includes at least 30 days on vessels with inboard diesel engines; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) The applicant may be issued with a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC certificate restricted to outboard engines if the applicant: (a) does not meet the requirements for qualifying sea service on vessels with inboard diesel engines mentioned in paragraph (1)(b); and (b) has: (i) 20 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with propulsion power ≥75 kW and a completed approved task book; or (ii) 60 days qualifying sea service on vessels with propulsion power ≥75 kW. (3) The qualifying sea service must be completed while performing any of the following: (a) duties as a general purpose hand; (b) duties permitted for a Coxswain Grade 1 NC or Coxswain Grade 2 NC certificate; (c) duties as an assistant to an engine driver, to a chief engineer or to a second engineer.	Restriction to outboard engines has been removed. The sea service requirements on vessels with inboard engines must be met.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC Eligibility requirements 1. Marine Engine Driver 2 course at certificate 3 level 2. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book Either of the following: (a) at least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power ≥150 kW; (b) at least 90 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power ≥150 kW while holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification. Without AMSA approved task book: Either of the following: (a) at least 360 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power ≥150 kW; (b) at least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power ≥150 kW while holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification. In each case the qualifying sea service must be completed while performing duties as a general purpose hand (whether certificated or not), an engineer, a marine engine driver, an assistant to a marine engine driver, an assistant to a chief engineer or second engineer.		1.3 Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC (1) The applicant must: (a) have completed a Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 course at Certificate 3 level; and (b) have at least: (i) 180 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW and a completed approved task book; or (ii) 360 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW; or (iii) 120 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW and a completed approved task book, while holding a Coxswain Grade 1 NC or Coxswain Grade 2 NC certificate endorsed for 500 kW inboard propulsion or a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC certificate; or (iv) 240 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW, while holding a Coxswain Grade 1 NC or Coxswain Grade 2 NC certificate endorsed for 500 kW inboard propulsion or Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC certificate; or (v) 90 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW and a completed approved task book while holding a workshop skill equivalent qualification; or (vi) 180 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥150 kW, while holding a workshop skill equivalent qualification; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) The qualifying sea service must be completed while performing duties as: (a) an engineer, an engine driver, a chief engineer or second engineer; or	Qualifying sea service options are limited to without holding a qualification or whilst holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
		(c) a general purpose hand.	
Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC		1.4 Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC	The options have been
Eligibility requirements		(1) The applicant must:	changed to either sea service while holding a Marine Engine
1. Marine Engine Driver 1 course at certificate 4 level		(a) have completed a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1	Driver Grade 2 NC; or sea service while holding a
2. Final assessment		course at Certificate 4 level; and	workshop skill equivalent
Sea service requirement		(b) have at least:	qualification.
With AMSA approved task book		(i) 240 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥375	
Either of the following:		kW and a completed approved task book while holding a Coxswain Grade 1 NC or Coxswain Grade 2 NC	
(a) at least 120 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with		certificate endorsed for 500 kW inboard propulsion; or	
propulsion power ≥375 kW, while holding a Marine		(ii) 480 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion	
Engine Driver Grade 2 NC certificate of competency;		power ≥375 kW while holding a Coxswain Grade 1 NC or	
(b) at least 90 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power		Coxswain Grade 2 NC certificate endorsed for 500 kW inboard propulsion; or	
≥375 kW while holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification.		(iii) 180 days qualifying sea service on commercial	
Without AMSA approved task book:		vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥375 kW and a completed approved task book,	
Either of the following:		while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC certificate: or	
(a) at least 240 days qualifying sea service on a		(iv) 360 days qualifying sea service on commercial	
commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥375 kW, while holding a Marine		vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion	
Engine Driver Grade 2 NC certificate of competency;		power ≥375 kW, while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC certificate; or	
(b) at least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel propulsion power		(v) 90 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels	
≥375 kW while holding a workshop skills equivalent		with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥375 kW and a completed approved task book, while holding a	
qualification.		workshop skill equivalent qualification; or	
In each case the qualifying sea service must be completed while:		(vi) 180 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion	
(a) performing duties as an engineer, marine engine driver, chief engineer or second engineer; or		power ≥375 kW, while holding a workshop skill equivalent	
(b) assisting a marine engine driver, chief engineer or		qualification; or	
second engineer in the performance of tasks appropriate		(vii) 120 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion	
to the certificate.		power ≥375 kW and a completed approved task book, while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC	
		certificate; or	
		(viii) 240 days qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with propulsion	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
		power ≥375 kW, while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC certificate; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment. (2) The qualifying sea service must be completed while performing duties as: (a) an engineer, an engine driver, a chief engineer or second engineer; or (b) an assistant to an engine driver, to a chief engineer or to a second engineer; or (c) a general purpose hand.	
Engineer Class 3 NC Eligibility requirements 1. Engineer Class 3 course at diploma level 2. Final assessment Sea service requirement With AMSA approved task book Either of the following: (a) at least 180 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥400 kW, while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC qualification; (b) at least 120 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥400 kW, while holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification; Without AMSA approved task book: Any one of the following: (a) at least 360 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥400 kW, while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC qualification; (b) at least 240 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥400 kW, while holding a workshop skills equivalent qualification;		1.5 Engineer Class 3 NC The applicant must: (a) have completed an Engineer Class 3 course at Diploma level; and (b) have qualifying sea service on commercial vessels with inboard diesel engines with ≥400 kW propulsion power of at least: (i) while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 certificate — 180 days working on board as engineer in charge or on duties assisting the engineer in charge, and a completed approved task book; or (ii) while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 certificate — 360 days working on board as engineer in charge or on duties assisting the engineer in charge; or (iii) for an applicant holding a workshop skill equivalent qualification — 120 days working on board on duties assisting the engineer in charge, and a completed approved task book; or (iv) for an applicant holding a workshop skill equivalent qualification — 240 days working on board on duties assisting the engineer in charge; or (v) while holding a certificate of competency as Engineer Watchkeeper issued under the Navigation Act 2012 — 90 days of working on board performing engine-room watchkeeping duties; and (c) after meeting all the other requirements for the certificate — pass a final assessment.	The options have been changed to sea service while holding a Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC; or sea service while holding a workshop skill equivalent qualification; or sea service while holding an Engineer Watchkeeper seafarer certificate.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(c) at least 90 days qualifying sea service on a commercial vessel with inboard diesel engines with propulsion power ≥400 kW, while holding an Engineer Watchkeeper seafarer certificate issued under the Navigation Act. In each case the qualifying sea service must be completed while: (a) performing duties as an engineer, marine engine driver, chief engineer or second engineer; or (b) assisting a marine engine driver, chief engineer or second engineer in the performance of tasks appropriate to the certificate.			
Note The skills and knowledge relevant to the duties and functions of the above certificates are set out in the AMSA document MO 505 Certificates of Competency Skills and Knowledge — see the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au		2.1 Eligibility criteria for certificates of competency (2) The requirements for a Certificate 1, Certificate 2, Certificate 3, Certificate 4 or Diploma level mentioned in Schedule 1 for a certificate of competency are those mentioned for the certificate of competency in Skills and knowledge required for NSCV certificates of competency, published by the Australian Maritime Safety Authority. Note This document is available from the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au.	The reference in NSCV Part D 2.1(2) is referenced here as a note.
Schedule 4 Calculating qualifying sea service (subsection 10(1))			
4.1 Terms for calculating qualifying sea service In clause 4.2: underway means when the vessel is not: (a) at anchor; or (b) made fast to the shore; or (c) aground. watchkeeping duties means the duties of a master, chief mate or deck watchkeeper in charge of a navigational watch. Note Other terms used in clause 4.2 are defined in section 4 including: deck capacity, deck certificate, dual certificate and engineering certificate.			This section lists the definitions used in this Schedule.
4.2 Calculation of qualifying sea service		3.1 Calculation of qualifying sea service	The changes to this section relate to measuring qualifying

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(1) Qualifying sea service is measured in hours spent performing the tasks appropriate to the kind of certificate to which it applies.		(1) Qualifying sea service is measured in days spent performing the tasks appropriate to the class of certificate to which it applies.	sea service in hours rather than days to allow for part days to be added together.
(2) For qualifying sea service, a day is 8 hours.		(2) An applicant for a certificate of competency must	A day is changed from 7.5
(3) Hours of service less than 8 in a day may be added to hours of service less than 8 in any other day.		accrue at least half the qualifying sea service required for the certificate in the 5 years before the application.	hours to 8 hours. How to calculate a day is further
Example 3 hours worked on Tuesday, 3 hours worked on Thursday and 3 hours worked on Saturday may be added together to make 1 day of qualifying sea service.		(3) Sea service performed by a person when the person is less than 16 years old may be counted as qualifying sea service:	clarified.
The remaining hour may be used to add to further hours subsequently accumulated.		(a) only for a Coxswain Grade 1 or 2 or a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 certificate; and	
(4) However, hours of service more than 8 in a calendar day do not count towards qualifying sea service.		(b) only if the person was at least 14 years old when the sea service was performed.	
(5) Sea service performed by a person when the person		(4) For qualifying sea service:	
is less than 16 years old may be counted as qualifying sea service:		(a) a day is 7.5 hours; and	
(a) only for a Coxswain Grade 1 or 2, or a Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 certificate; and		(b) sea service of at least 7.5 hours in any 24 hour period is taken to be served as a whole day and no more than a whole day.	
(b) only if the person was at least 14 years old when the sea service was performed.		(5) An applicant is credited an additional 10 days	
(6) Qualifying sea service must be accrued on a vessel		qualifying sea service for each 20 days qualifying sea service accrued on voyages:	
that is:		(a) each of which is more than 24 hours long; and	
(a) underway; or		(b) each of which includes periods underway in a	
(b) at anchor with a person on anchor watch; or		watchkeeping capacity or undertaking deck duties in both day and night; and	
(c) being manoeuvred to free it from being aground.		(c) on which fatigue is managed in accordance with the	
(7) However:		STCW Convention.	
(a) for a deck certificate — up to 15% of the required sea service may be accrued on a vessel that is not mentioned		Note For paragraph (c) — see section A-VIII of the STCW Code.	
in subclause (6) while the applicant is performing duties		(6) Qualifying sea service:	
in a deck capacity or undertaking refitting work; and		(a) may be accrued:	
(b) for an engineering certificate — up to 33% of the required sea service may be accrued on a vessel that is not mentioned in subclause (6) while the applicant is performing duties in an engineering capacity or undertaking refitting work.		(i) for a deck certificate — at up to 15% of the sea service required, on a vessel that is not underway, while the applicant is performing duties in a deck capacity or refitting work; and	
(8) A person who holds a dual certificate, and performs sea service in a dual role on a vessel with propulsion power ≤750 kW, may count that sea service as qualifying sea service for one or more of the following:		(ii) for an engineering certificate — at up to 33% of the sea service required, on a vessel that is not underway and while the applicant is performing engine related duties or refitting; or	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(a) a dual certificate; (b) a deck certificate; (c) an engineering certificate. (9) A person who holds both a deck certificate and an engineering certificate, and performs sea service in a dual role on a vessel with propulsion power ≤750 kW, may count that sea service as qualifying sea service for one or both of the following: (a) a deck certificate; (b) an engineering certificate.	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017) (b) in any other case — must be accrued while the vessel is underway. (7) All of the sea service in dual certificate duties (deck and engineering) on vessels with a propulsion power ≤750 kW can be counted as service for both deck and engineering duties only for dual certified roles performed in accordance with the dual certification rules mentioned in subclause 6(4) of Schedule 1 of Marine Order 504 (Certificates of operation and operation requirements — national law) 2018. (8) For calculating sea service, a vessel is underway when it is: (a) operating; or (b) not tied to a jetty; or (c) at anchor with a person on anchor watch; or (d) being manoeuvred to free it from being aground. (9) For a person living on a vessel, time spent on the vessel may be counted as qualifying sea service only if the person is carrying out relevant navigational or engineering work during that time. Example of time that may be counted as qualifying sea service Time when the person is doing any relevant navigational or engineering work and the vessel is carrying out its normal commercial operations, taking passengers, navigating, at anchor	Notes on changes
		during sight-seeing or charter. Example of time that may not be counted as qualifying sea service Time when the person is not doing any relevant navigational or engineering work, eg when the vessel is at anchor with the person off duty.	
4.3 Recognition of other kinds of service The National Regulator may recognise qualifying sea service, in capacities or trades or on kinds of vessels, that is not recognised by this Marine Order as qualifying sea service according to its equivalence to: (a) the duration and frequency of voyages or refits; and		3.2 Recognition of other types of service The National Regulator may recognise qualifying sea service, in capacities or trades or on kinds of vessels, that is not recognised by this Part as qualifying sea service according to its equivalence to: (a) the duration and frequency of voyages; and	This section remains unchanged from NSCV Part D.
(b) the kind of duties performed and their duration and frequency; and (c) the level of responsibility during the sea service; and		(b) the kind of duties performed and their duration and frequency; and (c) the level of responsibility during the service; and	

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(d) the relevance of the sea service to the certificate of competency applied for.		(d) the relevance of the service to the certificate of competency applied for.	
Example		Example	
Service on defence vessels		Service on defence vessels.	
Note For further information — see the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au.		Note For further information — see the AMSA website at http://www.amsa.gov.au.	
4.4 Evidence		3.4 Evidence	This section remains largely
(1) The applicant must give the National Regulator evidence of sea service accrual.		(1) The applicant must give the National Regulator evidence of sea service accrual.	unchanged from NSCV Part D. The 2 notes have been removed.
(2) Evidence of sea service accrual must include the following:		(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the applicant may provide evidence in the following ways:	
(a) vessel name;		(a) a declaration, in a form acceptable to the National	
(b) vessel identification number;		Regulator;	
(c) vessel measured length;		(b) an approved sea service log book or task book;	
(d) kind of vessel;		(c) a letter from the operator, owner, master or chief engineer of a vessel detailing the sea service accrued by	
(e) area of operation;		the applicant.	
(f) duties performed;		Note 1 Section 71 of the national law provides that the National Regulator may require a person to give further information about	
(g) propulsion type;		an application by the person for a certificate. The National Regulator may decline to consider or further consider the	
(h) number of engines;		application until the information is provided.	
(i) propulsion power of each engine;		Note 2 It is an offence to make a statement that is false or misleading in an application for a certificate — see Criminal	
(j) total propulsion power (in kilowatts);		Code, s 137.1.	
(k) number of days at sea;			
(I) hours worked each day;			
(m) any other matter mentioned on the AMSA website.			
Note The AMSA website is at http://www.amsa.gov.au.			
(3) Without limiting subclause (1), the applicant may provide evidence in the following ways:			
(a) a declaration, in a form acceptable to the National Regulator;			
(b) a sea service log book approved in writing by the National Regulator or an AMSA approved task book;			

Marine Order 505 (2022)			22)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(c) a lette engineer the applie	r of a vessel de	erator, owner, ma etailing the sea s	aster or chief ervice accrued by			
4.5 Discounting service If the National Regulator considers that a period of qualifying sea service was completed at a time that is, or in circumstances that are, of little or no relevance to the certificate of competency for which the applicant applies, the National Regulator may discount all or part of the service.			t a time that is, or relevance to the applicant applies,		3.5 Discounting service If the National Regulator considers that a period of qualifying sea service was completed at a time that is, or in circumstances that are, of little or no relevance to the certificate of competency for which the applicant applies, the National Regulator may discount all or part of the service.	This section remains unchanged from NSCV Part D.
Schedul	le 5 Endorser	nents				
Item	ion 14(1)) Certificate of competency Marine Engine Driver Grade 3 NC Marine Engine Driver Grade 2 NC Marine Engine Driver Grade 1 NC Engineer Class 3 NC	Chief Engineer on a vessel that has steam as its main method of propulsion <750 kW, in inland waters and waters to the outer limits of the exclusive economic zone	Requirements to obtain endorsement The holder must: (a) complete an AMSA approved task book; and (b) have at least 100 hours qualifying sea service on vessels with steam as the main propulsion power with propulsion power with propulsion power with propulsion power following on board as an assistant to any of the following: (i) an engineer; (ii) an engineer; (iii) a chief engineer;			This schedule includes the steam endorsements and the 500 kW endorsement from the National Regulator Endorsements Approval 2014. A new endorsement to obtain a Master Ferry in Chains has been included. This replaces Exemption 21.

	Marine Order 505 (2022)			Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
2	Coxswain Grade 2 NC	Command and operate a vessel with inboard propulsion power <500 kW	(iv) a second engineer. (c) hold a basic boiler licence or a licence to operate a standard boiler issued by a State or Territory authority responsible for work health and safety legislation; and (d) pass a final assessment The holder must satisfactorily complete: (a) MAR Maritime Training Package unit MARB027 Perform basic servicing and maintenance of main propulsion unit and auxiliary systems; and (b) MAR Maritime Training Package unit MARC038 Operate main propulsion unit and auxiliary systems.			
3	Coxswain Grade 3 NC (only when issued with a certificate by the National Regulator,	Command and operate the engines of a vehicular ferry-in- chains attached to	The holder must have at least 20 days qualifying sea service on a ferry in chains.			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
not when the shore by operating cable without one in accordance with subsection 7(5) of this Marine Order) Coxswain Grade 2 NC Coxswain Grade 1 NC Master (Inland waters) NC Master <24 m NC			
Schedule 6 Criteria for approval of organisation to conduct final assessments (subsection 27(1))			
The organisation must: (a) be a registered training organisation registered to deliver an MAR Maritime Training Package qualification; and (b) not be in liquidation or insolvency administration; and (c) tell the National Regulator the kinds of certificates it intends to provide assessment for; and (d) deliver assessment that complies with the Standards for RTOs; and (e) have a documented assessment strategy that will be followed for all assessments associated with the approval; and (f) tell the National Regulator about any proposed partnerships or subcontracting arrangements for the delivery of assessments on its behalf; and (g) tell the National Regulator the name of any person who is to deliver assessments for the organisation; and			This is a new schedule that sets the criteria for approval of an organisation to conduct final assessments.

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(h) ensure that any person who is to deliver assessments for the organisation has:			
(i) a certificate of competency that is current and appropriate for the assessment being delivered; and			
(ii) qualifications appropriate to the training that is mentioned in Standards for RTOs; and			
(iii) completed any instruction required by the National Regulator.			
Schedule 7 Conditions on approval of organisation to conduct final assessments			
(section 28)			
The organisation must:			This new schedule set the
(a) continue to meet the criteria in Schedule 6; and			conditions on approval for an organisation to conduct final
(b) provide assessment for the kinds of certificate mentioned in the approval in accordance with the organisation's registration with ASQA, TAC or VRQA; and			assessments.
(c) ensure assessments are delivered in accordance with:			
(i) the appropriate MAR Maritime Training Package qualification; and			
(ii) the AMPA; and			
(iii) the organisation's documented assessment strategy; and			
(iv) any direction issued by the National Regulator or ASQA, TAC or VRQA; and			
(d) adopt processes to ensure that its assessors:			
(i) continue to develop their vocational education and training knowledge and skills; and			
(ii) maintain their industry skills and knowledge; and			
(e) must not advertise that the assessments it provides are endorsed or approved by the National Regulator; and			
(f) cooperate with any investigation of the organisation by the National Regulator, including by providing requested information; and			

Marine Order 505 (2022)	Marine Order 505 (2013)	NSCV Part D (May 2017)	Notes on changes
(g) after consultation with the National Regulator, comply with any corrective action required by the National Regulator within the time stated; and			
(h) tell the National Regulator if there is any change to the method of delivery of the assessment; and			
(i) keep records of all conducted assessments for 6 months.			