

AMSA MO 2019/[number]

Marine Order 27 (Safety of navigation and radio equipment) Amendment Order 2019

I, Michael Kinley, Chief Executive Officer of the Australian Maritime Safety Authority, make this Marine Order under subsection 342(1) of the *Navigation Act 2012*.

2019

[DRAFT ONLY — NOT FOR SIGNATURE]

Chief Executive Officer

1 Name of Marine Order

This Marine Order is Marine Order 27 (Safety of navigation and radio equipment) Amendment Order 2019.

2 Commencement

This Marine Order commences on 1 January 2020.

3 Amendment of *Marine Order*

Schedule 1 amends Marine Order 27 (Safety of navigation and radio equipment) 2016.

Schedule 1 Amendment

[1] Section 4, definition of qualified compass adjuster

substitute

qualified compass adjuster means a person who has completed an approved training course or has completed training that AMSA considers equivalent to an approved training course.

[2] Section 4, after definition of radio station

insert

recognised mobile satellite service means any service which operates through a satellite system that is for use in the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) and recognised by the IMO.

[3] Section 4, notes 1 and 2

substitute

Note 1 Some terms used in this Order are defined in *Marine Order 1* (*Administration*) 2013, including:

- IMO
- SOLAS
- STCW Code.

Note 2 Other terms used in this Order are defined in the Navigation Act, including:

- AMSA
- GT
- inspector
- owner
- Prevention of Collisions Convention
- regulated Australian vessel
- STCW Convention.

[4] Subsection 40(1)

omit

Inmarsat

[5] Schedule 2, table

omit

A.694(17) General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the global maritime distress and safety systems (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids

insert

A.694(17) General requirements for shipborne radio equipment forming part of the global maritime distress and safety systems (GMDSS) and for electronic navigational aids

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MSC.434(98) Performance standards for a ship earth station for use in the GMDSS

[6] Schedule 2, table

omit

A.819(19) Performance standards for shipborne global positioning system (GPS) receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GPS receiver equipment was installed before 1 July 2003.

MSC.53(66) Performance standards for shipborne GLONASS receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GPS receiver equipment was installed after 30 June 2003.

insert

A.819(19) Performance standards for shipborne global positioning system (GPS) receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GPS receiver equipment was installed before 1 July 2003.

MSC.112(73) Adoption of the revised performance standards for shipborne global positioning system (GPS) receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GPS receiver equipment was installed after 30 June 2003.

MSC.53(66) Performance standards for shipborne GLONASS receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GLONASS receiver equipment was installed before 1 July 2003.

MSC.113(73) Adoption of the revised performance standards for shipborne GLONASS receiver equipment

Note This resolution applies if GLONASS receiver equipment was installed after 30 June 2003.

[7] Schedule 2, table

omit

MSC.252(83) Adoption of the revised performance standards for integrated navigation systems (INS)

Note An INS installed after 31 December 2010 must conform to performance standards mentioned in MSC.252(83).

insert

MSC.252(83) Adoption of the revised performance standards for integrated navigation systems (INS)

Note 1 An INS installed after 31 December 2010 must conform to performance standards mentioned in MSC.252(83).

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Note 2 Regulation 18 of Chapter V of SOLAS requires type approved navigation systems that conform to appropriate performance standards.

MSC.452(99) Revised performance standards for integrated navigation systems (INS) (Resolution MSC.252(83))

[8] Schedule 4, item A.1 of table

omit

2182 kHz 2182 kHz

insert

2182 kHz 2182 kHz The IMO no longer recommends that 2182 kHz be

monitored by international sea going vessels for distress and safety. In Australia, coast stations do not

continuously monitor 2182 kHz.

[9] Schedule 4, item A.6 of table

omit

1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz 1525 – 1559 MHz

insert

1626.5 – 1645.4 MHz 1530 – 1544 MHz

[10] Schedule 4, item B.1 of table, heading

substitute

B.1 HF Narrow Band direct Printing Telegraphy (NBDP) frequencies (not used in Australia)

[11] Schedule 4, item B.3 of table

omit

1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz 1525 – 1559 MHz

insert

1626.5 - 1645.5 MHz 1530 - 1544 MHz

[12] Other amendments

provision	omit mention of	insert
Subsection 26(3)	equipment and VHF equipment	equipment, VHF equipment and satellite communications equipment
Subsection 26(4)	test results	test results as amended from time to time
Subsection 28(1) note Subsection 33(1)	Inmarsat	an

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provision	omit mention of	insert
Subsection 36, note		
Section 36, heading	Signals of distress	Distress signals
Subsection 28(2)	Rescue Coordination Centre Australia	Joint Rescue Coordination Centre
Subsection 43(2)	RCC	JRCC
Schedule 3, clause 1 Example A(e) and Example B(e)	An INMARSAT ship earth station	Ship earth station for a recognised mobile satellite service

Note

^{1.} All legislative instruments and compilations of legislative instruments are registered on the Federal Register of Legislation under the *Legislation Act 2003*. See https://www.legislation.gov.au.